NANCY KNIGHT 1803 E. Lipan Circle Fort Mohave, AZ 86426 928-768-1537 nancyknight@frontier.com BY: 92 A 2019 DEC 27 PM 4: 20

*UPERIOR COURT CLERK

Plaintiff Pro Per

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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MOHAVE

NANCY KNIGHT

Plaintiff,

and

GLEN LUDWIG and PEARL LUDWIG,
Trustees of THE LUDWIG FAMILY TRUST;
FAIRWAY CONSTRUCTORS, INC.;
MEHDI AZARMI; JAMES B. ROBERTS and
DONNA M. ROBERTS, husband and wife;
JOHN DOES 1-10; JANE DOES 1-10; ABC
CORPORATIONS 1-10; and XYZ
PARTNERSHIPS 1-10.

Defendants.

Case No.: **CV 2018 04003**

RESPONSE TO DEFENDANTS'
MOTION FOR
SUMMARY JUDGMENT
FILED ON DECEMBER 6, 2019

Honorable Judge Jantzen

COMES NOW Plaintiff Pro Per Nancy Knight respectfully petitioning the Court to Deny the defendants' attempts for dismissal of this case. Repeated attempts at dismissal began in February 2018 and ended on April 2, 2018 with the Hon. Judge Carlisle taking Oral Arguments in a Summary Judgment. The Hon. Judge Carlisle granted Plaintiff rights to Count One ("Violations of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions") within this Complaint and within Tract 4076-B. Given this fact, dismissal of Count Two will not dismiss this case in its entirety as the Defendant's suggest. Count Two (Injunctive Relief) is still pending judicial resolution. There exists numerous



genuine issues of material fact.

Pursuant to Plaintiff's responses to this Motion for Summary Judgment her understanding is as follows:

Your response must be filed within thirty (30) days from the date this motion was served. Your response to the motion must include: (1) A statement of facts, with each of the facts stated separately in numbered paragraphs or numbered sentences. A statement of facts must be supported by affidavits, exhibits, or other material that establishes each fact by admissible evidence. It is not enough for you to simply deny facts. You must present evidence that shows a genuine dispute of the facts. (2) A memorandum of law that summarizes the issues, provides legal authority in support of your position, and describes why the judge should deny the motion."

PLAINTIFF'S STATEMENT OF FACTS

1. Material Fact: Defendants Deny Plaintiff's Rights to prosecute Count One violations. On April 2, 2018 in the Court's Motion for Summary Judgment by the Hon. Judge Carlisle, Plaintiff was granted rights to prosecute Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions (hereinafter "CC&Rs") violations in Tract 4076-B and within the Original Complaint that was filed on or about January 22, 2018. In the original complaint, the Count One subheading, for Plaintiff's lack of a better term, is entitled, "Violations of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions". Multiple violations in Tract 4076-B have been a part of the Court record since that ruling.

One such example of setback violations in Tract 4076-B is Supra Exhibit 1 in Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment filed on or about November 25, 2019. This exhibit is in regards to the violations attributed to Siavosh Sanaye or Sanaye Siavosh as the case may be and Fairway Constructors who appears to be the cause of the

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violations as the developer of the lot. The Grice home on Lipan Blvd. is another setback violation in Tract 4076-B that is a part of the record as committed by Fairway Constructors during litigation. Plaintiff attempted to include Jordan and Gina Grice in a sample Amended Complaint filed on October 18, 2018; however, the Court considered this a pleading for Reconsideration of Dismissal of Count One due to Plaintiff's new evidence in support of the "one subdivision" controversy that, in part, led to the Plaintiff's limited rights to prosecute violations only in Tract 4076-B. The Grice home was also a part of the pleading for Leave to Amend the Complaint as Supra Exhibit 4, filed on or about June 19, 2019. This Motion for Leave to Amend the Complaint for Tract 4076-B was denied by the Hon. Judge Jantzen on or about October 4, 2019 and the Plaintiff concurs that this was not an error of judgment on the part of Judge Jantzen since the inclusion of Fairway Estates, a separate subdivision, was erroneously included in this proposed Amended Complaint. On December 4, 2019, the Hon. Judge Jantzen reuttered Plaintiff's right to prosecute violations (Count One) in Tract 4076-B only. Count Two has not been dismissed and involves more than advertising on unimproved lots.

Plaintiff has paid attorney consult fees to learn how to properly file a sample

Amended Complaint with the Does who committed the violations listed by name, and
was advised that including the current owners of the homes that have the setback
violations caused by others is proper procedure. Consulting counsel advised that finding
Siavosh for service is something Plaintiff's process server will do in a skip trace.

But for this Motion for Summary Judgment, Plaintiff would have filed a Motion for Leave to Amend the Complaint with an attached proposed Amended Complaint for

the Does yet to be named, and if approved, to be served. Count One was dismissed only with respect to Defendant Robert's home. This fact is a part of the record in the Transcript of the Hon. Judge Carlisle's ruling which left the door open for the Does who have committed CC&R violations (Count One) in Tract 4076-B to be named in an Amended Complaint and served. **Exhibit 1a** - Transcript of Judge Carlisle's rationale and understanding on April 2, 2018. **Exhibit 1b** – Dec. 4 Hearing Minute Order; Judge Jantzen's Court, top of page 2 "The Court reutters his ruling made on October 30, 2019 regarding the Plaintiff's right to move forward with matters as it affects Tract 4076B"

2. Material Fact: Disputed Count One Enforcement. Attempted violations are also prosecutable rights found in the CC&Rs for Tract 4076-B (paragraph 20). The egregious attempted violation by Defendant Azarmi for reduced setbacks to fifteen feet, front and rear, for every lot in the entire Desert Lakes Subdivision Tract 4076 through a Board of Supervisors (hereinafter "BOS") Resolution included the Plaintiff's lots in Tract 4076-B.

The attempted violation to reduce setbacks through BOS Resolution Amendments has been factually determined to have been committed by Mr. Azarmi. Evidence exists in the record in the form of an email from the Director of Development Services, Tim Walsh, and through Mr. Azarmi's presentation before his fellow Planning Commissioners for the Resolution to amend Res. 93-122 that was video recorded on or about September 25, 2016.

Plaintiff expended an extraordinary amount of research time and money to object to BOS Resolutions 2016-125 and its sister BOS Resolution 2016-126 that achieved Denial by the BOS in a 3-2 vote on October 3, 2016.

Plaintiff should not be denied a right to prosecute Mr. Azarmi for this egregious attempted violation (Count One) for fifteen foot front and rear setbacks in an Amended Complaint and her rights to compensation for her time and money expended (Count Two) in achieving denial from the BOS. (Emphasis supplied). Resolution 93-122 "clarified" the established twenty foot setbacks, front and rear, for all lots in Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates Tract 4076 as approved for Frank Passantino of Desert Lakes Development L.P.

The last line on page 3 of the Recorded denial at Fee No. 2016046551, that lists on page 1 all of the parcel numbers whose owners had completed the necessary documentation correctly for the amendment to Res. 93-122 states, "...the Board... on Monday, October 3, 2016, DENIED this Amendment to BOS Resolution 93-122."

Exhibit 2a - Paragraph 20, Book 1641, page 899 regarding attempted violations. Exhibit 2b – Plaintiff's RV Garage inquiry had she opted-in to the BOS Resolution Amendment.

Exhibit 2c – Res 93-122 that clarified Desert Lakes SD/R setbacks. Exhibit 2d – Recorded Denial for Resolution No. 2016-125 - 3 pages.

3. Material Fact: Injunctive Relief (Count Two) is still necessary in Plaintiff's attempt to prevent further victims to be cited as Does in this case. Plaintiff's desire for Injunctive Relief is to prevent expansion of the scope of her Complaint to any future violations beyond the date of this Response.

Existing violations, committed by, or caused to be committed by the Defendants are already a part of the evidence in this case. Specifically the Grice home and the home

that was sold by Mr. Siavosh. Supra exhibits 4 and 1 respectively as cited on page 2 and 3 above.

- 4. Material Fact. Defendants refuse to correct their nuisance signs. It is time for preliminary and permanent injunctive relief to proceed after Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment is ruled upon for the portion of Count Two regarding a controversy on business advertising (signs) on unimproved residential lots. As has been shown in photographic evidence these signs are a nuisance. Included in the Injunctive Relief sought is paragraph 63 of the original Complaint. **Exhibit 3** Compensation, Page 16, para. 63.
- 5. Material Fact. Defendants object to their reimbursement of tax dollars into the General Fund. Since the filing of the original Complaint, Plaintiff learned of a misappropriation of government funds in the amount of an estimated \$12,500 for Defendant Azarmi's proposed BOS Resolution Amendments. These monies were taken from the General Fund that includes Plaintiff's taxpayer dollars. In the words of the Hon. Supervisor Johnson on October 3, 2016, he asked then Director of Development Services, Mr. Hont, "it's the person requesting that's paying for that right, we're not doing this out of a..." Supervisor Johnson stopped short of completing the sentence. Mr. Hont's deceptive answer was "No... not their fault". We now know it was not their fault, it was his fault (Mr. Azarmi's fault). Plaintiff believes that a jury should decide if Mr. Johnson's truncated sentence has to do more with "we're not doing this out of a" favor to a politically well-connected developer are we? Defense attorney Oehler was able to attempt to prevent the Plaintiff from pleading to the jury for reimbursement of these monies into

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the General Fund through a letter he obtained from the former County Attorney Ekstrom. For the record, Plaintiff will not be seeking reimbursement as a County employee nor acting on behalf of the County. Plaintiff is a taxpayer and expects her taxpayer dollars to be used appropriately. **Exhibit 4** – BOS Minutes, pertinent page 22 with notable quotes by Supervisor Johnson and others encircled and underscored.

6. Material Fact. Defendants' Affiants conflict with Plaintiff's Realtor communications favoring CC&R enforcement. Property owners who abide in the rules and who purchased property in the Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates Subdivision Tract 4076 expecting protections from violations have a right to expect justice when the self-serving few, or many, defy the contract and act in contempt of the rules. Evidence of need for a positive outcome in this case is presented as email and social media communications. Supra Exhibit 1 in Plaintiff's June 2019 Motion for Leave to Amend Complaint with Judge Gordon presiding, is a series of email communications with Realtor Gina Harris on April 6, 2017, June 28, 2018, and May 2, 2019. Snapshots of social media communications between August 8 and Aug. 9, 2019 is between the Plaintiff and property owners Sasha Bennick and Don Foust (a Realtor in Tract 4076-B). A follow-up Email was sent to Gina Harris on November 1, 2019. Given that two real estate professionals have expressed an opinion on the need for enforcement, Plaintiff is encouraged to continue this pursuit.

Don Foust

Nancy Knight I think you are on the right track. I do not want HOA but to have some way to get the folks who violate the CC&Rs to correct them. I don't want to see it become something that causes people to get upset or angry. I think most that violate the CC&Rs

probably don't even know they are.

Nancy Knight

Hello Don, For starters, I formed a Group that has a poll for people to vote on whether they would be interested in having an unincorporated association. Can you get to the Group category for Desert Lakes and vote please? I have explained a little about what duties the unincorporated association would be authorized to do. As for CC&R enforcement, even a prominent Realtor who lives in Desert Lakes is also hoping for CC&R enforcement. I agree that we do not want to get people angry but we also do not want our community to become blighted. Rules need to be followed for everyone's property protection.

Plaintiff understands that her evidence needs to be verifiable. The best she can offer is her snapshots of website communications between August 8 and August 9, 2019. Unfortunately there are those in the community who objected to Plaintiff's posts and filed so many complaints against her that she has been permanently suspended and all of her posts have been removed from the website. Politics is a very powerful tool.

Dismissal of this case will destroy the intent and validity of the CC&Rs with no opportunity for a jury to achieve remedy and justice on behalf of victims. Any argument presented by the Defendants regarding a lack of enforcement, which is not a proven fact on their part regardless of how many hearsay Affidavits they obtained, is however, irrelevant due to the non-waiver clause in paragraph 20, Book 1641, p. 899 (supra exhibit 2a herein). Plus the Affiants are employees and/or close associates of the Defendants and/or violators themselves. Plaintiff has not rallied Affidavit support for this civil action. Plaintiff has never met Realtors Don Foust, Realtor Gina Harris or Sasha Bennick.

Plaintiff pleads on factual evidence presented as exhibits. **Exhibit 5a** – Social Media snapshots of conversations. **Exhibit 5b** – Follow up Email to Realtor Gina Harris on

November 1, 2019.

- 7. Material Fact: Defendants claim County can give them permits. Plaintiff contends the more restrictive CC&Rs govern. Property owners are protected from County ordinances that are in conflict with the provisions of the CC&Rs. Defendants' Affiant testimonies with respect to County ordinances is irrelevant. Paragraph 21 in Tract 4076-B CC&Rs states: "In the event that any of the provisions of this Declaration conflict with any other of the sections herein, or with any applicable zoning ordinance, the more restrictive shall govern..." (Emphasis supplied) Paragraph 21 continues: "No invalidity of any one or more phrases, sentences, clauses, paragraphs or sections hereof shall not affect the remaining portions of this instrument or any part thereof..." (Supra Exhibit 2a herein for paragraph 21, Book 1641, page 899).
- 8. Material Fact: Defendants claim satellite Dishes and antennas are prominent violations. Plaintiff cites existing law prevails. All of the sections in the CC&Rs were considered valid in law at the time the CC&Rs were recorded. Due to changes in law over time, we are to consider the restriction against "for sale" signs on unimproved lots and restrictions against antennas and satellite Dishes "as if they had not been inserted". (Emphasis supplied) **Exhibit 6** Book 1641, page 900, paragraph 21 as carried over to this page.
- 9. Material Fact: Defendants claim abandonment of CC&Rs. Plaintiff disagrees.

 There has been no abandonment nor amendments to the CC&Rs which "...run with the land and shall be binding upon all parties and all persons claiming under them for a period of twenty-five (25) years from the date hereof. Thereafter, they shall be deemed to

have been renewed for successive terms of ten (10) years, unless revoked or amended by an instrument in writing, executed and acknowledged by the then owners of not less than seventy-five percent (75%) of the lots on all of the property then subject to these conditions. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, prior to the Declarant having sold a lot that is subject to this instrument, Declarant may make any reasonable, necessary or convenient amendments in these restrictions and said amendments shall supercede (SIC: supersede by Plaintiff) or add to the provisions set forth in this instrument from and after the date the duly executed document setting forth such amendment is recorded in the Mohave County Recorder's Office." Paragraph 18 in CC&R Tract 4076-B. (Supra Exhibit 2a herein for para. 18, page 899)

10. Material Fact. Defendants claim total disregard for CC&Rs. Plaintiff provides business investment as support for continuing to enforce CC&Rs. There has been no total disregard for the CC&Rs that have caused any reasonable person to contend that the CC&Rs have been abandoned. The Mojave Tribal Authority invested here with the purchase of the golf course and clubhouse. They continue to invest significant sums of money to improve the greens. They even closed the golf course for three months during the summer of 2019 to protect the newly planted seeds and turf from damage and they posted signs for residents to report trespass to the police. Plaintiff is one that did report a trespass of an ATV owner who took a shortcut through the golf course to travel down Lipan Court and beyond. The business interests of the Mojave Tribe needs protection as much as the estate owners do. The violations are not to be considered to have so materially affected the intent of the Declaration that any reasonable person would

consider the CC&Rs abandoned. **Exhibit 7** – Assessor's Partial Property Description for the Tribal Authority's business.

11. Material Fact: The Defendants "no enforcement" claim is disputed. Prior enforcement has occurred in Tract 4076-B with a binding mediated settlement in case number CV 2016 04026. The history of that case is pointedly graphic for egregious violations and to demonstrate to the Court the need of property owners to achieve remedy for protection of their property values and enjoyment of their home that has protected views which can be taken for self-serving interests in the absence of CC&Rs and prosecution rights. The history is long but necessary to demonstrate the importance of this case.

The Plaintiff's westerly adjacent neighbor obtained a County permit that caused a trespass on Plaintiff's side yard fence for a 30 foot long extension of cement block to increase the height of the fence to over six feet in violation of the CC&Rs. Three eye bolts of unknown quality were installed on the top of the Plaintiff's side yard fence for the purpose of attaching a shade sail cloth cover over the adjacent neighbor's swimming pool. The other end of the shade sail's rope was strung through one eye bolt in the adjacent neighbor's stucco wall on his home creating a hazard, in the Plaintiff's opinion, should that eye bolt be torn from the stucco wall in our high wind conditions and under the stress of the shade sail. This type of event and resulting damages had been reported to occur even for block wall attachments in the *Arizona Daily Star's* featured article entitled "Raise the sun sails, heading to shade" (Feb. 26, 2012). A do-it-yourselfer, Dave Smith, reported in that article that "a microburst exerted so much force on the sail and support

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lines that connected it to the wall, that it cracked along the mortar joints." That feature article also informed readers of the type of eye bolt, described as blue in color, to use. It was not the eye bolt used by the Plaintiff's adjacent neighbor.

The Plaintiff's adjacent neighbor also removed all of the Plaintiff's side yard wrought iron rail sections that were CC&R imposed upon all developers in Desert Lakes and abided in by the developer of the Plaintiff's home, T&M Ranching and Development. The adjacent neighbor filled the space with cement block higher than the rail sections had been as viewed from a line of sight westerly from the Plaintiff's patio. This additional cement block increased the weight upon the footings for the original two foot high block under the rail sections. The adjacent neighbor removed his own rail sections on a portion of his rear yard fence for pool privacy and filled the area with cement block. All toll these modifications of removal of the rail sections was a taking of the Plaintiff's views of the golf course and surrounding area and violated the CC&Rs for fence design, materials, and height of the fifteen foot return from the rear yard fence. By the time restoration was allowed to commence, the wall was leaning outwardly toward the adjacent neighbor's pool area where three children now played. The Defendant had sold the home during litigation and the buyer claimed he purchased the home for his children based on the advertised claim of pool privacy.

Plaintiff's survey to prove ownership of the fence cost \$1400. The cost for two consults with attorney Lenkowsky was \$170 and the cost for his retainer was \$5,000 that had a balance due of \$12 when Mr. Lenkowsky withdrew from the case when collusion with Mr. Oehler, the defense attorney in that case too, was suspected; however Mr.

Lenkowsky did have the new adjacent neighbor served with an Amended Complaint prior to his withdrawal. Mr. Lenkowsky knew of the neighbor's home being for sale and failed to file a Lis Pendens. The Plaintiffs now had two opposing counsels on the case, Mr. Oehler for the Chase's and Mr. Gregory for the Edwards.

Additional consult fees were paid by the Plaintiff in search of a replacement attorney in Lake Havasu given the case had been transferred there due to Mr. Oehler's close ties to the Hon. Judge Gurtler of Bullhead City. Attorney Waters recommended Mr. Moyer for his expertise in CC&R cases. The cost for Mr. Moyer was \$14,664.84.

In mediation, Mr. Oehler claimed his clients had no money. Attorney Moyer told the Plaintiff that she could not get a judgment that would show up on the neighbor's credit report, a trial would cost another \$10,000, and Mr. Oehler said the Chase's could leave the state. Note: The Chase's were now residing in a motor home.

A binding mediated settlement was reached through the efforts of Retired Judge Langford as the mediator who has experience in CC&Rs and knew the value of views. Mr. Moyer volunteered to write an Agreement to be circulated for all to sign. The problem was Mr. Gregory wanted a change in the written agreement that conflicted with the terms of the binding mediated settlement and it would have added additional costs for the Plaintiff's restoration of the adjacent neighbor's rear yard fence. Mr. Moyer accommodated Mr. Gregory's request and refused to return to the original paragraph 2 language for circulation and signatures. Mr. Moyer was asked to withdraw and the Plaintiff became a highly inexperienced Plaintiff Pro Per.

The original written agreement by Mr. Moyer for paragraph 2 was as follows:

"The Knights shall hire a licensed Arizona contractor to repair or otherwise modify the Side Wall to bring the Side Wall in to compliance with the provisions contained in the Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions of Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates 4076-B recorded in the Mohave County Recorder's Office at Book 1641, Page 895 ("CC&R's"). The Knights may, but are not required to, repair and/or otherwise modify **a portion** of the Rear Wall of the Chase Residence that faces the golf course that has been filled in with block to bring the Rear Wall in to compliance with the provisions of the CC&R's by, among other things, removing the filled in block areas with railing." (Emphasis supplied)

Mr. Moyer's accommodating Mr. Gregory for a change in paragraph 2 wrote: "The Knights shall hire a licensed Arizona contractor to repair or otherwise modify the Side Wall to bring the Side Wall in to compliance with the provisions contained in the Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions of Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates, Tract 4076-B, recorded at Book 1641, Page 895, Official Records of Mohave County, Arizona ("CC&R's") for the intent of golf course views. The Knights may, but are not required to, repair and/or otherwise modify the entire Rear Wall of the Chase Residence that faces the golf course that has been filled in with block to bring the Rear Wall in to compliance with the provisions of the CC&Rs by, among other things, to restore the Knights views by removing the filled in block areas with railing. The Edwards agree they will not modify or otherwise change the Rear Wall as modified by the Knights pursuant to this Paragraph in any manner that impedes or otherwise obstructs the Knights view of the golf course and surrounding area. By referring to the standards set forth in

said CC&Rs, no party hereto is admitting the validity or applicability of the CC&Rs. Whether the CC&Rs encumber the Knight Residence or the Chase Residence is a legal question undecided by the court in the Lawsuit, and no agreement has been reached as to that issue by the parties." (Emphasis supplied)

The cost for the DEFENDANT'S attorney fees in a joined effort for a Motion to Compel Plaintiff to sign a written agreement that did not conform to the binding mediated settlement followed by a joint Motion to Declare Plaintiff Nancy a Vexatious Litigant totaled \$6,070.65 for Mr. Oehler and \$3,560.63 for Mr. Gregory/Ms. Elias of the Law office of Gregory and Elias. Ms. Elias had to take over the case when Mr. Gregory obtained a seat on the bench by appointment from Mr. Oehler's good friend and business partner, the Hon. Judge Gurtler. No agreement was ever circulated for signatures; however, Judge Carlisle did agree that the language in the written agreement's paragraph 2, as modified at the request of Mr. Gregory, should strike "entire" and state "a portion".

Plaintiff's costs for restoration of their own side yard fence and a portion of the neighbor's rear yard fence to restore "a portion" of the Plaintiff's views cost the Plaintiffs \$5460.10.

Prosecution is a deterrent but only when remedy is achieved at the expense of the perpetrator. Remedy can only be achieved in this case if we are allowed to go to trial and seek remedy from a jury or if the Defendants agree to a private settlement. Any private settlement needs to be graphic as a deterrent to future self-interests.

Pertinent exhibits in support of the above Material Fact of prior enforcement and no abandonment of the CC&Rs: **Exhibit 8a** – Permit given to Chase resulting in a

trespass and CC&R violation of fence height. Exhibit 8b – Plaintiff's patio and westerly line of sight views with original rail panels as purchased in 2010. Exhibit 8c – Three photos of Plaintiff's side yard fence modifications: north end of boundary fence with rails replaced with cement block; hideous westerly line of sight view from Plaintiff's patio after rails were removed and space filled with cement block; eight inch high, 30 foot linear extension on top of the south end of Plaintiff's side yard fence and fitted with eye bolts. Exhibit 8d – Two photos: adjacent neighbor's shade sail and their rear yard fence modifications for pool privacy. Exhibit 8e – Cost of survey. Exhibit 8f – Boundary Survey. Exhibit 8g – 3 pages: Page 9 of Attorney Moyer's billing costs; page 2 of Plaintiff's payments to Mr. Moyer; Retainer and billed fees for Mr. Lenkowsky. Exhibit 8h – Restoration Costs (3 parts). Note: the Court already has the records of the attorney fees awarded to Mr. Oehler, Mr. Gregory, and Ms. Elias with Judgments Settled after they all received payments including interest.

- 12. Material Fact. Defendants' claim of no enforcement is further disputed. In 2005, T&M Ranching and Development followed the imposed upon side yard steel rail fence design. He found the block wall contractor planned a solid block wall and enforced the change to steel rails for the return of the fence from the rear yard fence that was correctly planned for steel rails. **Exhibit 8i-** Erroneous drawing implemented correctly.
- 13. Material Fact. Defendants claim Plaintiff has a chain link fence, Plaintiff claims it is chain link fabric used for ball netting a safety feature on the golf course. A jury will need to settle this dispute. **Exhibit 9** Ball Netting _ Email
 - 14. Material Fact. Defendants dispute the need for modifications to setbacks of

less than twenty foot patio roof projections and less than the required square feet of living space. This dispute needs to be resolved by jury. Plaintiff has offered remedies: Arizona Rooms are enclosed patio covers that creates additional living space for a remedy to a square footage shortfall in accordance with the CC&Rs when the twenty foot setback has not been violated - as is the case for Affiant McKee's two homes in Tract 4076-B on E. Desert Lakes Drive. However, enclosing projecting patio covers when the setback of twenty feet has been violated – as is the case in the Grice and Siavosh homes in Tract 4076-B - poses an additional threat to adjacent neighbor views and therefore no remedy exists for this violation short of cutting back the projecting portion of the patio cover that is in violation of the CC&R setback.

Mr. McKee's plot plans and Application for new home construction is evidence that the twenty foot front and rear setback is followed by some developers. Development Services issues building permits pursuant to the SD/R zoning regulation approved and clarified in 1993. In fact the SD/R setbacks 20 5 20 is prominently displayed on McKee's Application for new home construction. For this reason, it is unlikely that a high percentage of setbacks have slipped by the watchful eye of County employees. In fact, Mr. Azarmi's permit for the home in Tract 4076-A, that predicated this Complaint, was denied by Planner Holtry for SD/R setback violations.

Due to the technicality of the Court's multiple decisions that Desert Lakes Subdivision Tract 4076 is not the "subdivision" intended by the authors of the various versions of the CC&Rs, Plaintiff's rights to prosecute Fairway Constructors for the home in Tract 4076-A and later sold to the Roberts, led to dismissal of Count One for the

Roberts' home, with prejudice. The Court has apparently ruled, though not specifically in words, that "subdivision" in Article II of the CC&Rs is one-and-the-same as "said tract" used throughout the various CC&R Declarations. It is the Plaintiff's opinion that this interpretation will have serious consequences for the entire master planned community when other property owners fear filing Complaints within their own said tract.

That fear is real for business owners. That fear is real for property owners as was proven for the Plaintiff in her first experience in prosecuting violations, whereby she had to file an Injunction Against Harassment (CV 2015 1341) against her self-serving neighbor who not only violated the CC&Rs but trespassed on her property to do it and then became violent and abusive toward her. (CV 2016 04026) **Exhibit 9a** – Application for two homes with SDR 20 5 20 displayed on the Application. **Exhibit 9b** - Plot Plan for 1934 E. Desert Dr. and Plot Plan for 1982 E. Desert Dr. with 1313 square feet of living space and twenty foot front and rear yard setbacks. (2 pages)

15. Material Fact: Defendants refused a private settlement conference. Plaintiff attempted to confer on a Private Settlement with the Defendants over a year ago. There exists no remedy for setback violations adjacent to the golf course for projecting patio covers except to cut away the projecting portion or negotiate a purchase of golf course land from the Mojave Tribe who owns the golf course and can abandon portions of some parcels to be appended to lots as was done with the former owners of the golf course for Plaintiff's Parcel VV. To date, the Mojave Tribal Council Chairman has not responded to the Plaintiff regarding a potential purchase of unused golf course land. It is believed that Defendants have the power and influence to negotiate such an agreement as was stated in

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the Plaintiff's email with the Subject line "Informal Settlement Conference Information" as emailed to opposing counsel Oehler for Misters Ludwig and Azarmi to consider.

Since sending that Email over a year ago some details have changed conditions as follows: (1) the Tribal Council has made a significant investment in improving the greens - even closing for three months to reseed and install turf. 2) Now that we understand golf course owners in the past have abandoned a portion of Parcel KK for non-residential use, the Tribal Council may be open to selling a portion of drainage easement parcels to help property owners become compliant for the twenty foot rear yard setback. 3). Plaintiff has learned that Fairway Estates is not within the boundary of Desert Lakes as Development Services had led her to believe in their Sharpie Pen outlined map; however, the Defendants do have HOA enforcement experience for their Fairway Estates development and most likely have boilerplate demand letters already drafted. 4) Some of those wooden fences that Plaintiff had observed in 2018 have since been taken down. 5) Plaintiff has learned that the County Ordinance prohibits parking lots on residential lots, however, parking trailers and boats on rented lots behind a screened fence may still be a viable option for our residents as opposed to renting storage space some distance from home. Exhibit 10 – Email "Informal Settlement Conference Information".

RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S STATEMENT OF THE CASE

1. Count 1 of the Plaintiff's Complaint has been dismissed with prejudice only for the Roberts defendants. (Emphasis supplied). Count 2 is NOT the singular count before the Court. The factual and legal scope of the Motion for Summary Judgment is subject to Material Facts in this case. Material facts are the most important information in a case

and relate directly to the conflict at hand. Rule 56 requires that the court decide whether the moving party has demonstrated its entitlement to judgment based on the absence of any issues of material fact requiring a trial. Motion for Summary Judgment should be DENIED.

In addition to the Plaintiff's fifteen Material Facts with Exhibits as presented in the Plaintiff's Statement of Facts above, Plaintiff offers the following additional commentary for claims and exhibits provided in the Defendants' Statement of the Case.

Defendants' Exhibit A contains the Court Notice /Order / Ruling dated

June 11, 2018 that specifically states, "The Court recognizes that dismissal of count one resolves the case with respect to the Roberts defendants."..."The Court finds it is appropriate to dismiss count one with prejudice."... "The Court has signed the defendant's proposed findings and orders, deleting the paragraph regarding attorney's fees."

Defendants' Exhibit A continues with the Findings and Order as authored by attorney Oehler. Paragraph G states, "Tract 4163 is a resubdivision of Parcel VV and a part of abandoned Parcel KK of Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates Tract 4076-B. (Emphasis supplied) This emphasized text refutes the Defendant's line 7 statement on page 3 that is patently false, "...although the subject parcels (VV and KK) were "abandoned" and later subdivided..."

The defendants know Parcel VV was never abandoned and was always intended for residential development. More about the sliver of Parcel KK that was abandoned from the golf course Drainage Easement and appended to Parcel VV will be presented later in

association with Affiant Kukreja's dimensions and note regarding this appended expansion and creation of Tract 4163 to make way for 32 lots.

In paragraph H of the Findings and Order, Mr. Oehler wrote: "The Plaintiff's ownership in Tract 4163 as an original parcel within Tract 4076-B gives the Plaintiff ownership standing to enforce the CC&Rs for Tract 4076-B, the same having been recorded in the Official Records of Mohave County in Book 1641 at Page 895, and the Tract 4076-B wherein the CC&Rs authorize at paragraph 20 any person or persons owing real property located within the subdivision to enforce the Tract 4076-B CC&Rs."

(Emphasis supplied). By Mr. Oehler's own admission, Count One is not dismissed!

On line 11 on page 3 Defendants point out that <u>no subdivision CC&Rs were</u> recorded nor implemented for Tract 4163. (Emphasis supplied). Mr. Oehler is wasting our time with this repeated clouding of the FACT and is forcing the Plaintiff to respond rather than let a deception prevail in this Motion.

Tract 4163 did not need its own CC&R Declaration. The subdivision CC&Rs that exist for Tract 4163 is the Recorded Declaration for Tract 4076-B. Tract 4163 land was a part of Tract 4076-B and the CC&Rs run with the land. The Hon. Judge Carlisle was correct on this ruling.

Defense knows these CC&Rs were implemented for Tract 4163 as he, Mr. Oehler, was the defense attorney for CV 2016 04026. (Emphasis supplied). The Plaintiffs' imposed upon CC&Rs were successfully adjudicated in mediation against two adjacent neighbors in that 2016 case. Plaintiff's Title Insurance Policy notifies the Plaintiff that her CC&Rs are recorded in Book 1641, Page 895. The Plaintiff's Developer of her two

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lots, T&M Ranching & Development, included in his Arizona Department of Real Estate Subdivision Public Report that the CC&Rs are found in Book 1641, page 895. The Declaration was clearly implemented by T&M Ranching and Development in Tract 4163 when he found that the block wall contractor had drawn a permit sketch with a solid line for Plaintiff's side yard fence indicating solid block rather than steel rails per the CC&Rs. The sketch was drawn for the rear yard with hash marks indicating steel rails as opposed to a solid line. T&M had the contractor implement the imposed upon side yard design into his fence materials. All a part of the record in Mr. Oehler's files of CV 2016 04026. (Emphasis supplied)

This fence design was followed by a multitude of conscientious developers who abided in the imposed upon condition for wrought iron fencing for rear yards and a portion of the side yard return for lots adjacent to the golf course. The original color of black may have been a variance for white and brown that was approved by the Architectural Committee. Color preference has not caused harm to adjacent lots or beauty intended by Desert Lakes Development L.P. We will never know if a variance was approved unless Mr. Rinaldi comes forward with the files. Paint color is easily remedied.

Line 12 on page 3 is patently a stretch of interpretation whereby the Defendants claim that "The Carlisle Order of June 11, 2018 found that Tract 4163 was derivative of Tract 4076-B and therefore the Tract 4076-B CC&Rs followed the land and were binding upon any "derivative tract" that was a later re-subdivision of the lots and/or parcels located within the original Tract 4076-B". Mr. Oehler's oral arguments were rife with deceptive unresearched suppositions and/or blatant disingenuous testimony and now he is

 page 3, line 12, he is attempting to put words in the mouth of the Hon. Judge Carlisle. Plaintiff searched the entire transcript for Judge Carlisle's use of the words "derivative tract" or even just the word derivative. The judge did not use that word or words in Supra Exhibit 1a herein or exhibit 11. **Exhibit 11** – Oral Argument Transcript, part 1.

Now Plaintiff is forced to define derivatives. In the context of this case, a derivative is a tract of land that <u>derives value</u> from the master planned subdivision as a whole. Tract 4076-B was a derivative of Tract 4076-A. Tract 4076-A was a derivative of the General Scheme intended for the entire Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates Tract 4076 as mapped in the 1988 Preliminary Plat. Tract 4163, however, <u>did not derive value</u> from Tract 4076-B and therefore was NOT a derivative of Tract 4076-B. Tract 4163, was a corrupt change in the 1993 SD/R clarified twenty foot setbacks and the County Subdivision Regulations that should have been imposed upon all of those involved. An email sent to the County Deputy Attorney is expected to respond to the Plaintiff as to why this happened. (Emphasis supplied). **Exhibit 12** – Email to Mr. Robert Taylor.

In regards to the Defendants' claim of extensive research that begins on line 27 on page 3 and carries over to page 4 regarding Tract 4076-D, Defendants offer Exhibit B, a map of twelve lots in Tract 4076-D with a frontage road in accordance with County Subdivision Regulations. Defendant's Exhibit C is the CC&R Declaration for this Tract. What the Defendants' extensive research failed to disclose was where the abandoned portion of Parcel KK from Tract 4076-B is situated in Tract 4076-D and who owns it. This Parcel KK is the triangular area abutting lots 80 and 82 that is identified by the County Assessor as Parcel Number 226-14-013, owned by American Golf Corporation.

None of the residential lots for Tract 4076-D have a delimited boundary for any appended portion of Parcel KK as compared to the map of Parcel VV with the dashed line beginning with a sliver of Parcel KK appended to one of the Plaintiff's two lots (lot 9) and extending westerly to the end of Lipan Circle. **Exhibit 13** – 2019 Property Tax Statement with the Assessor's Description as Tract 4076-D, Parcel KK 1015 square feet and map of Tract 4076-D (2 pages). **Exhibit 14** – 1989 dashed line delimited Tract 4076-B map with dimensions of the sliver of Parcel KK that conforms to Defendant's Affiant Kukreja's year 2000 Exhibit "B". **Exhibit 15**: Mr. Kukreja's year 2000 Exhibit "B" at Fee#20000015407 providing abandoned dimensions of Parcel KK in <u>Tract 4076-B</u>. (Emphasis supplied)

It is a reach indeed for the Defendants to claim that because a portion of the Drainage Easement known as Parcel KK in Tract 4076-B, that had a portion of this land appended to another tract of land, Tract 4076-D, that she somehow has the potential to expand her rights to prosecute violations outside the boundary of the CC&R Declaration for Tract 4076-B. Parcel VV qualified the Plaintiff to prosecute violations in Tract 4076-B. Parcel VV is the qualifier not the sliver of land carved out of Parcel KK that was needed for the corrupt expansion of this 5 acre parcel in 1989 at Fee#89-67669, and again in 1998 under even more suspect approvals associated with Fee#98-347. From Affiant Kukreja's Exhibit "B" is the Note of abandonment for Res. 98-347 as pasted below.

"Note: Said portion of Parcel K-K of Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates, Tract 4076-B, was abandoned in Resolution No. 98-347, recorded October 7, 1998 in Book 3173 of Official Records, Page 385. (Emphasis supplied)

Also included in the Affidavit by Mr. Kukreja is the Special Warranty Deed from Desert Lakes Development that is also clear regarding the abandonment of a portion of Parcel KK. Identical language and Note is stated on page 4 of 8 for Fee #2000015406 and repeated on page 3 of 7 for Fee # 2000015407.

The major differences between Tract 4163 and Tract 4076-D is that Tract 4076-D has its own CC&R declaration that specifically names the 12 lots in Block F. Also Tract 4076-D followed Subdivision Regulations for a frontage road for driveways accessing an arterial road, specifically Mountain View and Lipan Blvd.

The original plan for Parcel KK was for 23 lots according to the 1991 Drainage Study and for a changed tract nomenclature to Tract 4076-E. The 1989 Resolution (Res. 89-116) established the SD/R zoning setbacks for the entire Desert Lakes Subdivision Tentative Tract 4076 and changed R-M (Multiple Family Residential) to SD/R. **Exhibit** 16 – 5 pages: 1991 Drainage Study (3 pertinent pages) and Res. 89-116 (2 pages) with arrows, notes, circles, and underscores by Plaintiff and highlighting by Development Services.

The Defendants Exhibit D is a fact sheet that describes multiple violations with respect to the case at hand. Some of the statistics are inaccurate and irrelevant. The case at hand is strictly data concerning Tract 4163 and Tract 4076-B; Tract 4076-D data was omitted from analysis. From Affiant Weisz's relevant data the two combined tract numbers revealed 31% of the lots are unimproved, 15% of the lots have legal block wall with steel rail fences on lots adjacent to the golf course, 17% have illegal solid block fences adjacent to the golf course, and 20% have illegal gate access to the golf course.

Notes: One gate noted by Ms. Weisz in Tract 4163 is a gate to the front yard on Lipan Court which is legal; zero illegal satellite Dishes due to current law; other than black paint on steel rails was omitted since a variance could not be confirmed at this time; less than 5' fences was omitted as this is not a CC&R restriction. **Exhibit 17** – Relevant data from Ms. Weisz spreadsheets

A word of caution when making assumptions about setbacks based on GIS or Google Map aerial views. The photographic evidence can be deceiving. An example is Affiant McKee's two homes on E. Desert Dr. where Plaintiff suspected that Mr. McKee had drawn his plot plans in accordance with the legal setbacks and then did not follow those setbacks for the actual building. Wardex photos to confirm that the yard has some kind of ground cover that from an aerial perspective appeared as a roofline. **Exhibit 18** – Aerial view of Mr. McKee's two constructed homes on E. Desert Dr.

Plaintiff is unaware of any fencing that exceeds six feet in height or five feet in height for fences adjacent to the golf course. Color of wrought iron fences varies including white and brown however these colors are all aesthetic in the Plaintiff's opinion and most likely would have approved by the Architectural Committee.

Gate access to the golf course is inexcusable as this is a trespass on private property. Plaintiff's binding mediated settlement in 2016 prohibited, with prejudice, enforcement of the gate violation in her adjacent neighbor's fence as agreed to prior to the oral terms presented to the Hon. Judge Gurtler by attorney Moyer.

Regarding antennas and Dish satellites: Pursuant to the Telecommunications Act of 1996, CC&R restrictions for antennas became invalid. "Over-the-Air-Reception

Devices – OTARD – protect a property owner's right to install, maintain or use an antenna to receive video programming from direct broadcast satellites, broadband radio services and television broadcast stations." The following antennas or dishes are covered by these rules in Arizona: "A dish antenna one meter or less in diameter, designed to receive direct broadcast satellite service, including direct-to-home satellite service, or to receive or transmit fixed wireless signals via satellite." "An antenna that is designed to receive local television broadcast signals." The CC&Rs provided for changes in law.

Whenever, a new law is passed that makes a phrase, clause, sections or paragraph invalid, it is to be construed "as if it had not been inserted".

Minimum square footage of homes is very difficult to determine without the plot plan. Plaintiff has found three homes in Tract 4076-B with shortfalls. Two of Mr. McKee's homes on E. Desert Drive that are not adjacent to the golf course and with twenty foot rear yard setbacks that could take advantage a patio enclosure for additional living space. One home that is adjacent to the golf course is on a large lot and has room for additional living space to be constructed. Mr. McKee and Mr. Ryburn have been notified. Remedies are available to become compliant.

Let the record be clear for line 23-24 on page 3. The Plaintiff's subdivision Tract 4163 was NOT a subdivision of two parcels that were originally in Tract 4076-B. (Emphasis supplied). Tract 4163 is a subdivision of one SD/R Parcel VV and a sliver of a Drainage Easement (parcel KK) that are a part of Tract 4076-B.

But for a corrupt approval for these 32 lots, Parcel VV would have been designated as Tract 4076-E with 23 lots in accordance with the 1991 Drainage Study and

no abandonment of any sliver of Parcel KK would have been required. The SD/R zoning for twenty foot setbacks would have been followed and Lipan Blvd would not have had direct access from driveways that is not in accordance with Subdivision Regulations.

Nonetheless, Tract 4076-B would still have been the CC&R Declaration for this tract of land regardless of the nomenclature for the tract as approved or assigned by Development Services. Residential parcels, such as Parcel VV, run with the land.

Drainage Easements, such as Parcel KK, are not covered by the CC&Rs and therefore Parcel KK is irrelevant to the Complaint or expansion of the Complaint. The sliver of Parcel KK that was abandoned from the golf course and appended to Parcel VV is not buildable space. Only Parcel VV has buildable space that must conform to the Tract 4076-B CC&Rs. Those who violated the CC&Rs are culpable. Buyers of these homes are victims.

We now turn to Injunctive Relief (Count Two) per page 4, line 12. Plaintiff's lines 61, 62, 63 are cited for her entitlements and compensation. Plaintiff has not changed her position on these entitlements. It is clear that Defendants violated the CC&Rs and the designated subdivision has now been determined by the Court to be Tract 4076-B for those violations. At a minimum, it is clear the defendants are culpable for the Grice home and it is possible for the Sanaye home as well in Tract 4076-B. For the purpose of this plea for denial of the Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment (hereinafter"MSJ"), A minor protruding rear yard setback has been found to be true as reported by the Defendants in their Initial Disclosure for Judy Rovno. It was this Initial Disclosure that reported the violations, front and rear for the Sanaye home. Ms. Rovno has been notified.

Mr. Sanaye was sent a registered letter to the address on his Application for a building permit and it was returned unclaimed. For this reason a skip trace will be needed for Mr. Sanaye. Plaintiff is not expanding her arguments to the Defendant's irrelevant stretch to include Tract 4076-D.

Under the law imposed by the Hon. Judge Carlisle, and reuttered by the Hon.

Judge Jantzen, the CC&Rs will be the Tract 4076-B Declaration dated 1989, unless some special circumstance expands Plaintiff's rights to prosecute in other Tracts such as Tract 4076-A. Advertising (signs) on unimproved lots has been proven in Tract 4076-B as a part of the record with photographic evidence by both the Plaintiff and the Defendant.

Regarding actual and consequential damages, the term "in law and in equity" is found in the sixth line of paragraph 20 of the Tract 4076-B CC&Rs that deals with these proceedings and compensation for damages or other dues. (Emphasis supplied)

The term "equity" refers to a particular set of remedies and associated procedures involved with civil law. Reasonable compensation in equity is expected from fulfilling the "implied duty" to prevent attempted violations. In equity compensation is expected from having to respond, at length, to irrelevant and/or false claims throughout these proceedings. A court has the power and authority to award "equitable remedies" when a legal remedy is insufficient, inadequate, or unavailable such as for punitive damages in a Contract matter. The Supreme Court has been willing to encourage the use of equitable remedies in certain areas of law.

Compensation for lost wages to date amounts to a minimum of \$14,200. This case began in 2016 when Plaintiff had to spend hours of research time in the matter of

Defendant Azarmi's attempted violation. Plaintiff is a licensed Arizona school teacher with credentials for full time teacher employment and for part time substitute teaching. Substitute teaching was the best she could do under the circumstances. Plaintiff believes it is a conservative request for lost wages in the sum of \$14,200 based only on a loss of 71 days of work in a four day work week at \$100 per day for two years. Most of Plaintiff's work has been in the Bullhead School Districts that have four day work weeks. She is also on call for work in the Mohave Valley School District and works Fridays in that District; however, she omitted Fridays from her spreadsheet in her conservative calculation of lost wages to date.

Reimbursement for direct costs are also afforded in law.

Injunctive relief is sought for the removal of advertising (signs) from residential unimproved lots and for the Defendants to stop their deliberate actions in contempt of the Contract that they were committed to uphold with their purchase of land in Desert Lakes.

"Compensation to all property owners for diminished value, to be determined by the court or at time of trial due to the taking of views..." is pending identification of those individuals at time of trial and in the absence of modifications to protruding rooflines or oversized garages that are not ordered to be remedied. The diminished value can be calculated from data provided by the *American Association of Planning Officials* and the *Urban Land Institute*. It is doubtful that there are 240+ lot owners that would be affected due to clustering that results in no diminished value for adjacent lot owners as is the case with the Plaintiff and her neighbors in Tract 4163. While the Plaintiff is not contemplating adding additional Plaintiffs in this case, a Court of competent jurisdiction

can determine the diminished value based on the setback distance that was violated.

Affected parties can then file their own Complaint for their loss of diminished value.

Pursuant to 12-1842, the purpose of a Declaratory Judgment is to settle and to afford relief from uncertainty and insecurity with respect to rights, status, and other legal relations; and is to be liberally construed and administered. Such declaration shall have the force and effect of a final judgment or decree. Consider the Plaintiff as one such Defendant who needs this Declaratory Judgment for her side yard setback shortfall that the Defendants in this case seem to be threatening her for, that was due to no fault of her own. The Plaintiff and all of the Plaintiff's neighbors in Tract 4076-B need this Declaratory Judgment for their ten foot rear yard setback that is due to no fault of their own, and for which the Defendants keep raising as an issue in this case. If the Court rules that he cannot give a blanket ruling in this matter, then it will be limited to only the Plaintiff. Plaintiff is not intending to expand the scope of this case to additional Plaintiffs. At least a precedent will have been established for those who come after the Plaintiff with violations due to no fault of their own.

Finally, pursuant to line 12-13 on page 6, Plaintiff has attorney fees and costs.

Regarding lines 23-26, it is premature to name additional Defendants until such time as this MSJ is resolved and Plaintiff is granted Leave to Amend the Complaint.

Nonetheless, all existing Defendants, with the exception of the Roberts at this time, have not changed. It would be unreasonable for the Court to expect, as is suggested by the Defendants, that she is obligated to continue research on the plot plans of hundreds of property owners in Tract 4076-B. It would be a burden on County Development Services

as well for the lookup of every parcel number in order to comply with a Request For Public Information (hereinafter "RFPI") from the Plaintiff. While the burden is no excuse, since that is their job, it would delay this case and the Court has said, we need to move this case forward. Here again, defense is clouding the case with unreasonable demands that the Plaintiff has to respond to. The Defendants have no defense. They are guilty and desperate to have the court rule in their favor for dismissal.

DEFENDANT'S QUESTION

Finally, the defense admits his suppositions are irrelevant (line 15, page 6).

Plaintiff has already addressed twelve Material Facts in her Statement of Facts in

Response to this MSJ. Facts are to be viewed in favor of the Plaintiff (non-moving party).

There exists no prima facie cause of action. The violations are not circumstantial, they are
deliberate and with full knowledge of the Contract imposed by the Defendants' purchase
of land in Desert Lakes Subdivision Tract 4076 and purchase of lots in Tract 4076-B. The
date of their violation is also irrelevant. The statute of limitations has not expired. Even
though the Plaintiff believes this Summary Judgment should be DENIED at this juncture
she will nonetheless continue to provide the Court with competent admissible evidence in
her Response to Defendant' Statement of Facts, separately filed, and separately
responded to by the Plaintiff.

A resolution of legal issues is left to the Court regarding the advertising on unimproved lots.

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

Plaintiff's instruction 2." A memorandum of law that summarizes the issues, provides legal authority in support of your position, and describes why the judge should deny the motion."

1. One Subdivision! Establish a precedent.

In researching memorandum of law for all of the Plaintiff's reasons to deny this MSJ, she found the memorandum of law that supports a reversal of the Dismissal of Count One for Tract 4076-A and reversal of the dismissal of Defendant Roberts with prejudice.

In an effort to prevent an error of the Court, Plaintiff presents memorandum of law that supports reversal and differentiates this case from *David C. Lillard, Jr. Plaintiff-Appellant, v. Jet Homes, Inc.*, where the court found that Coleman Park was divided into two separate subdivisions entitled Unit 8 and Unit 9. Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates may be a case that establishes a new precedent.

All of the documented evidence has shown that the legal name of the master planned community, is "Desert Lakes Subdivision Tract 4076" aka Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates Tract 4076, including supra exhibit 2d herein for the 2016 Mohave County Board of Supervisors Denial of an amendment to Re. 93-122. We have CC&Rs that are separate based on "said tract" nomenclature, such as Tract 4076-A, Tract 4076-B, etc. however within every CC&R version for "said tract" there is the grammatical change to "subdivision" when referencing the universal covenants.

The Hon. Judge Carlisle during his ruling phase of the Oral Arguments on April 2,

2018 recognized that an issue existed in the language shift from "said tract" to "subdivision" when focused on Tract 4076-A and Tract 4076-B Declarations. Refer to supra exhibit 1a herein beginning on page 3, "The Codes, Covenants, and Restrictions for both 4076-A and 4076-B contain some similar language, and I don't know if I'll be able to read it on this monitor because it's somewhat small, but it was referenced in the Motion to Dismiss, and I think both parties are aware of it, and it's taking me a really long time to get there, but it says the violation or threatened or attempted violation of the Codes -- or the Covenants, Conditions or Restrictions -- I think I might have said it wrong -- shall be lawful for the Declarant, its successors or assigns, or any person or persons owning real property located within the subdivision to prosecute proceedings at law or in equity against all persons violating or attempting to violate. So basically it's limited to all persons who -- or any person owning real property located within the subdivision. And within the CC&R's, and, again, this started as a Motion to Dismiss, so I have to start with the CC&R's. It doesn't necessarily define subdivision, what is meant by subdivision." (Emphasis supplied)

We now know it would never have occurred to Desert Lakes Development L.P. that this day would come when someone would need a definition for their Desert Lakes subdivision because in their mind, the Preliminary Plat created the subdivision entitled Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates Tract 4076. Preliminary Plats are not recorded, they are approved. They are referred to by three County Officials before they sign their signature to the County Certificate for the Board of Supervisors' approval to begin construction.

That is the puzzlement before the Mohave County Courts in this matter. What was the intention of the parties when the contract was made and what was the expectation of all of those who invested their hard earned dollars for a home in Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates? The interpretation of a contract is a matter of law for the Courts.

Quoting from *Polk v. Koerner*, 111 Ariz. 493, 495, 533 P.2d 660, 662 (1975). "When interpreting a contract, it is fundamental that a court attempt to 'ascertain and give effect to the intention of the parties at the time the contract was made if at all possible.' ") The Restatement recommends that [a] servitude should be interpreted to give effect to the intention of the parties ascertained from the language used in the instrument, or the circumstances surrounding creation of the servitude, and to carry out the purpose for which it was created. Restatement § 4.1 cmt. a (2000). "the function of the law is to ascertain and give effect to the likely intentions and legitimate expectations of the parties who create servitudes, as it does with respect to other contractual arrangements." Restatement, Introductory Note to ch. 4, at 494 (2000); see also *Taylor v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.*, 175 Ariz. 148, 153, 854 P.2d 1134, 1139 (1993)

Quoting from Lakes at Mercer Island Homeowners Ass'n v. Witrak, 61 Wash.App. 177, 810 P.2d 27, 28 (1991)); Wallace v. St. Clair, 147 W.Va. 377, 127 S.E.2d 742, 751 (1962) ("Covenants are designed to be for the benefit of every lot or parcel of land in the area affected by the restriction. Each lot or parcel is not merely burdened by a restriction but it is also clothed with the benefit which is enforceable against every other lot or parcel. The burdens and benefits are reciprocal..."

It is clear today, that the General Plan outlined in the Preliminary Plat created in 1988 was the intention of the creators for the subdivision. The subdivision boundaries have not changed and it was intended to develop in phases. For every lot in that first phase of development, the Mohave County Property Tax Statements display the Assessor's Description as Phase I Tract 4076-A. It is clear that Tract 4076-A was a phase of development with the Desert Lakes Tract 4076 Subdivision. It is clear that protection of the subdivision they created was the purpose of the CC&Rs. It is clear, that those who

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26 27 invested so much to purchase a home in the subdivision, in the absence of even any knowledge of nomenclature attributed to the various phases of development that gave rise to Tract 4076-A, Tract 4076-B, etc., those people had an expectation of protection of their property values. It is clear that Covenants are clothed with the benefit which is enforceable against every other lot or parcel. If this MSJ is ruled favorably for the Defendants, mobile homes and wooden fences will be allowed to flourish here against the expectations of the protection of property values and against the intention of the creators of the 300+ acre project. (Reference supra exhibits 15a and 15b regarding mobile homes in the separate document with this filing entitled "Response to Defendants' Statement of Facts."

In Tract 4076-B alone, based on the Defendants' Affiant Weisz, 31% of lots are still undeveloped. Refer to Affiant's data and Plaintiff's Restated data (supra exhibit 17 herein).

1a: Plaintiff pleads for Reversal of the Motion to Dismiss Count One such that all persons have rights to prosecution regardless of the nomenclature attributed to their "said tract".

1b: Plaintiff pleads for Denial of this MSJ.

2. Rule 19: Due Process and Indispensable Parties:

A court must protect the interests of the parties not before the court to avoid possible prejudicial effect; failure of a court to protect those interests by joinder may amount to a violation of due process. Defendants have not contacted the indispensable parties, who are the 230 lot owners in Tract 4076-B and Tract 4163 alone, according to

Shields v. Barrow, 58 U.S. 130, 17 How. 130, 15 L. Ed. 158 (1854); Bolin v. Superior Ct., 85 Ariz. 131, 333 P.2d 295 (1958); Smith v. Rabb, 95 Ariz. 49, 386 P.2d 649 (1963); State of Washington v. United States, 87 F.2d 421 (9th Cir. 1936). The test for indispensable parties set out in Barron and Holtzoff, Federal Practice and Procedure, Vol. 2, Section 512, pp. 58 and 59, reads as follows: "Indispensable parties are those who have such an interest in the subject matter that a final decree cannot be made without either affecting their interest or leaving the controversy in such condition that a final determination may be wholly inconsistent with equity and good conscience.

In Arizona the test of indispensable parties (indispensability) is whether the absent person's interest in the controversy is such that no final judgment or decree could be entered, doing justice between the parties actually before the court and without injuriously affecting the rights of others not brought into the action. *Gila Bend v Walled Lake Door Co.*, 107 Ariz. 545,549,490 P.2d 551, 55 1971

Standage relies on: It is only necessary to join other lot owners in an action to abrogate and not to enforce CC&Rs. *Karner v. Roy White Flowers, Inc* 527 S.E.2d 40, 44 NC 2000 (stating that all property owners affected by a restrictive covenant were necessary parties to an action to invalidate that covenant); *Wright v Incline Vill. Gen, Improvement Dist.* 597 F. Supp. 2d, 1191, 1207 (D. Nev 2009): In an action to set aside a lease or contract, all parties who may be affected by the determination of the action are indispensable,"

All property owners are indispensable parties. They acquired a property interest on all other lots similarly burdened for the benefit of their own property. That fact significantly affects the expectations of the parties and their decision to enter into a Warranty Deed agreement between the grantor and grantee. The recording statutes operate to protect the expectations of the grantee and secure to him the full benefit of the exchange for which he bargained. But for the CC&Rs, the uncertainty introduced into

subdivision development would in many cases circumvent any plan for orderly development of such properties and result in a patch-quilt pattern of dwelling units and fences that would violate the bargained-for expectations of the lot owners in the tract. It is easy to foresee that such a patch-quilt appearance would include mobile homes and wood fences scattered among \$300,000 estate homes. All indispensable parties needed to be informed of this intent to have their protections abandoned. In the absence of bringing evidence of approval for a Motion for Summary Judgment of abandonment of the CC&Rs from 75% of the 230 lot owners between the two tracts (Tract 4163 and Tract 4076-B), undue complications are foreseen including injecting delicate questions of fraud, conspiracy and professional ethics into the controversy.

2a. Plaintiff pleads for denial of this MSJ

3. Violations and modifications.

Our CC&Rs play a vital role in the preservation of the general plan that was designed by the developer, Desert Lakes Development L.P., for the mutual benefit of all property owners. Declaring the CC&Rs abandoned will lead to a more a complete breakdown of the neighborhood scheme. The current violations are not substantial. The Covenants are not burdensome. There has been no radical change.

For a covenant to be abandoned, "The violations must be so substantial as to destroy the usefulness of the covenant and support a finding that the covenant has become burdensome." *Swensen v. Erickson*, 2000 UT 16,¶22, 998 P.2d 807.

In the Restatement of Property §564 (1944) Covenants will not be enforced if conditions have changed so drastically inside the neighborhood restricted by the covenants that enforcement will be of no substantial benefit to the dominant estates. The change must be so radical as to defeat the essential purpose of the covenant or render the covenant valueless to the parties" Under the Restatement

version of the test, termination is only allowed if modification is not feasible. ID § 7.1.

Gibbs v. Cass, 431 S.W.2d 662, 668 (Mo. App.1968). The law favors the free and untrammeled use of real property, but valid restrictions thereon cannot be and are not disregarded by the courts. Lake Saint Louis Community Association v. Kamper, 503 S.W.2d 447, 449 (Mo.App.1973). The right to enforce a valid restrictive covenant may, however, be waived by conscious acquiescence in persistent, obvious and widespread violations thereof. Id. If restrictions apply to an entire area and redound to the benefit of all property owners in the restricted area, then waiver or abandonment occurs only when violations of the restrictions are so general as to indicate an intention or purpose to abandon the plan or scheme intended to be maintained by the restrictions. Eichelsbach v. Harding, 309 S.W.2d 681, 686 (Mo.App. 1958). Eilers v. Alewel, 393 S.W.2d 584, 590 (Mo.1965); Gibbs v. Cass, supra at 669. If the covenant remains of substantial value, the court will enforce the covenant even though changed conditions have caused a hardship to the party seeking relief from the covenant.

The extent of violations in the subdivision does not indicate an <u>intention or</u>

<u>purpose to abandon the plan or scheme</u> intended to be maintained by the restrictions <u>with</u>

<u>the exception of the egregious violations and attempted violations of the Defendants.</u>

(Emphasis supplied) For this reason, alone, the Defendants' behavior must be stopped through Plaintiff's Complaint. As written by Realtor Foust, "I think most that violate the CC&Rs probably don't even know they are." (supra exhibit 5a herein).

The Covenants still provide substantial benefit to the dominant estates. A more complete breakdown of the neighborhood scheme should be required before the Court declares that the CC&Rs have become unenforceable.

Modification is feasible for every violation observed by the Plaintiff, Defendant's and Affiants. For rear yard setback violations, the projecting rear yard patio cover can be cut away; living space shortfalls can be corrected two ways when setbacks have not been violated: A patio roof and support structure can be enclosed to create an Arizona Room

5. Trial by Jury is Required:

violations can be cut back; off-premises advertising signs can be taken down; wooden fence panels used as privacy screening over rail fences can be taken down; solid block walls on lots adjacent to the golf course can be cut and fitted with steel rails as the Plaintiff had to do for her side yard and her adjacent neighbor's rear yard fences in CV216 04026. All things are possible.

or new construction can add living space; oversized garage depth in front yard setback

3a. Plaintiff pleads for this MSJ to be Denied

4. Off-premises advertising and Injunctive Relief:

The restriction on advertising on unimproved lots is not unreasonable and to enforce it provides a substantial benefit for fair competition and removes the safety hazards these metal signs have posed to persons and property in high winds. The restriction is not oppressive. The signs are a nuisance due to rust deterioration and coming apart in the wind. A jury is needed as a matter of fact.

Injunctive relief will be denied where the restriction would seem to have become of no value whatever, and it would be unreasonable and oppressive to enforce it against defendants, when all corresponding benefit has been taken away from them by the action of others, when to so enforce it would destroy the beneficial use of their property, and confer no substantial benefit on other property owners or the plaintiffs. *Scharer v. Panther*, supra; *Ewertson v. Gerstenberg*, 186 Ill. 344, 57 N.E. 1051, 1055, 57 L.R.A. 310.

- 4a. Injunctive Relief should NOT be denied.
- 4b. Plaintiff Pleads for this MSJ to be Denied.

Rule 56 requires that the court decide whether the moving party has demonstrated

its entitlement to judgment based on the absence of any issues of material fact requiring a trial.

Where the evidence or inferences would permit a jury to resolve a material issue in favor of ether part, summary judgment is improper. *Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc.*, 477 U.S. 242, 106 S. Ct. 2505, 91 L. Ed. 2d 202 (1986); *Matsushita Electric Industrial Co. v. Zenith Radio Corp.*, 475 U.S. 574, 106 S. Ct. 1348, 89 L. Ed. 2d 538 (1986).

Burrington v. Gila County, 159 Ariz. 320, 767 P.2d 43 (App. 1989) (citing Matsushita, supra; Anderson, supra; and Celotex, supra, federal decisions interpreting Rule 56, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure). Cf. Edwards v. Young, 107 Ariz. 283, 486 P.2d 181 (1971) (federal decisions interpreting the federal rules are entitled to "great weight" in interpreting the analogous Arizona Rules of Civil Procedure).

A "genuine" issue is one which requires a trial, i.e., one which a reasonable trier of fact could decide in favor of the party adverse to summary judgment on the available evidentiary record. *Matsushita*, 106 S.Ct. at 1356. By definition, a reasonable trier of fact would accept only a reasonable inference. A reasonable inference requirement thereby avoids unnecessary trials, which is the essential purpose of Rule 56. M. Louis, *Federal Summary Judgment Doctrine: A Critical Analysis*, 83 Yale L.J. 745, 762 (1974); C. Clark, *Special Problems in Drafting and Interpreting Procedural Codes and Rules*, 3 Vand.L.Rev. 493, 504 (1950).

There exists many factual questions that exist for a judge or jury to decide in this case, Summary judgment to dismiss in inappropriate.

Plaintiff pleads for Denial of this Motion for Summary Judgment.

Plaintiff pleads for a court ruling based on the parties' briefs and supporting documentation alone without the need for a hearing of oral arguments in Kingman, AZ.

Plaintiff pleads for denial of any Defendant's attorney fees in association with these proceedings to date.

Plaintiff pleads for an award for doing more than any attorney would have done in an amount equal to an equitable and just fee as determined by the court.

Plaintiff pleads for an award for Sanctions for late filing of the Defendants'

Answer and First Supplemental Disclosure in an amount to be determined by the court.

Plaintiff pleads for instruction on whether she should write the order for the court's signature or if he will write the order himself.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 27 day of December, 2019

Nancy Knight
Plaintiff Pro Per

Copy of the foregoing was emailed on December 27, 2019 to: djolaw@frontiernet.net
Attorney for the Defendants

The Law Office of Daniel Oehler 2001 Highway 95, Suite 15 Bullhead City, Arizona 86442

List of Exhibits Response_Motion for Summary Judgment

Plaintiff's Statement of Facts (Material Facts-MF)			
Pg 4	Exh	MF	Detail
4	la	1	Transcript of Judge Carlisle's MSJ Ruling 13pgs
4	1b		Status Conf. Minutes – Judge Jantzen reutters plaintiff's rights

5	2a	2	Tract 4076-B Para. 20 at 1641, 899_non-waiver
5	2b		RV Garage Inquiry
5	2c		Res. 93-122 - Setbacks Clarified for Desert Lakes SD/R
5	2d		Res. 2016-125 3 pg Denial of Amendment to Res. 93-122
5	cun	3	Injunctive Palief Victims

6 | 5 sup 3 Injunctive Relief - Victims | 6 3 4 Count Two Compensation papa.63 pg 16 orig. Complaint | 7 4 5 BOS Minutes P. 22 Sup. Johnson comments | 8 Social Media Communications on CC&Ps 3 pages

8 5a 6 Social Media Communications on CC&Rs 3 pages 8 5b Email to Realtor Gina Harris – CC&R enforcement update

8 9 sup 7 para. 21, Book 1641, p.899 9 6 8 Para. 21 carried over Book 1641, p.900 9 10 sup 9 para. 18, Book 1641, p.899

> 7 10 Mojave Tribal Authority Business- Assessor's Clubhouse Description 8a 11 Permit to Chase 8b 2 Photos of Plaintiff's orig design for views - easterly and westerly

11 16 8c 3 photos of Chase modifications
Two Photos: Soil Cloth Court over Chase pool on

Two Photos: Sail Cloth Cover over Chase pool and view of pool privacy
16 8e Cost of Boundary Survey
12 16 8f Survey of side yard fence with setback shortfall

12 | 16 8f Survey of side yard fence with setback shortfall 16 8g 3pgAttorney Moyer_LenkowskyBillingPaymentRecord

 16
 9
 13
 Ball netting

 18
 9a
 14
 McKee Applications - P&Z SD/R 20 5 20 (2 homes)

 18
 9b
 McKee's Plot Plans - 1934 and 1982 E. Desert Dr. -2pgs

19 10 15 Email Regarding Settlement Conference

Plaintiff's Response to Defendants' Statement of the Case

23 11 Oral Argument Transcript – Part 1 23pgs 23 12 Email ParcelVV Robert Taylor RFPI Dec2019 2pgs

23 12 Email_Parcel V V_Robert Taylor_RFPI_Dec2019 2pgs | 24 13 Property Tax Statement for Parcel KK and Tract 4076-D map (2 pgs)

24 14 Dashed line delineated sliver of Parcel KK on Tract 4076-B map

| 24 | 15 | Dashed line defineated silver of Farcet KR off Tract 4076-B fliap | 24 | 15 | Mr. Kukreja's Exhibit "B" for dimensions of abandoned Parcel KK (Tract 4076-B)

25 16 Drainage Study 3 pg for 23 lots on Parcel VV

26 17 Weisz Restated Data

26 18 McKee's Homes by Aerial view

2324

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Exhibit 1a Transcript of Judge Carlisle's MSJ Ruling 13pgs

(1a)

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA

13 pgs

IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MOHAVE

NANCY KNIGHT,

PLAINTIFF,

OCASE No. CV-2018-04003

and

ORAL ARGUMENT

CLEN LUDWIG and PEARL LUDWIG,

Trustees of THE LUDWIG FAMILY

TRUST; FAIRWAY CONSTRUCTORS, INC.;

MEHDI AZARMI; JAMES B. ROBERTS and DONNA M. ROBERTS, husband and wife;

JOHN DOES 1-10; JANE DOES 1-10;

ABC CORPORATIONS 1-10; and

XYZ PARTNERSHIPS 1-10.

Before the Honorable Derek Carlisle, Judge

Monday, April 2, 2018

2:33 p.m.

Lake Havasu City, Arizona

REPORTER'S PARTIAL TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

Reported by:

Dawn M. Duffey, Registered Professional Reporter, Arizona Certified Court Reporter No. 50039, California Certified Court Reporter No. 10491, Nevada Certified Court Reporter No. 722, Iowa Certified Reporter No. 1357

1	APPEARANCES:
2	
3	FOR THE PETITIONER:
4	Pro Per
5	
6	
7	FOR THE RESPONDENT:
8	Daniel Oehler, Esq.
9	DANIEL J. OEHLER LAW OFFICES
10	2001 Highway 95
11	Bullhead City, Arizona 86442
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1	LAKE HAVASU CITY, ARIZONA
2	MONDAY, APRIL 2, 2018
3	2:33 P.M.
4	* * * *
5	(Whereupon, follows a partial transcript
6	requested by Mr. Oehler.)
7	THE COURT: All right. Well, I have to make a
8	decision. And, again, this was initially filed as a Motion to
9	Dismiss for Failure to State a Claim with the argument being
10	that pursuant to Rule 8 of the Arizona Rules of Civil
11	Procedure, that Ms. Knight didn't have the authority to bring a
12	claim.
13	So with respect to that, the Court has to look
14	at that narrow issue of does she have the authority to bring a
15	claim. And the basis for Ms. Knight having the authority to
16	bring a claim is the sorry, my judicial assistant just sent
17	me a note. The basis for Ms. Knight's claim is she is saying
18	because of the Codes, Covenants, and Restrictions, that she is
19	seeking to enforce those Codes, Covenants, and Restrictions,
20	and that is basically her way of saying I have the authority to
21	file this suit against somebody who lives in not directly
22	next to me or not near me, who is not immediately in proximity
23	to me, but is, I think, everybody agrees in a different tract
24	at least.
25	The Codes, Covenants, and Restrictions for both

- 1 4076-A and 4076-B contain some similar language, and I don't
- 2 know if I'll be able to read it on this monitor because it's
- 3 somewhat small, but it was referenced in the Motion to Dismiss,
- 4 and I think both parties are aware of it, and it's taking me a
- 5 really long time to get there, but it says the violation or
- 6 threatened or attempted violation of the Codes -- or the
- 7 Covenants, Conditions or Restrictions -- I think I might have
- 8 said it wrong -- shall be lawful for the Declarant, its
- 9 successors or assigns, or any person or persons owning real
- 10 property located within the subdivision to prosecute
- 11 proceedings at law or in equity against all persons violating
- 12 or attempting to violate.
- So basically it's limited to all persons who --
- or any person owning real property located within the
- 15 subdivision. And within the CC&R's, and, again, this started
- 16 as a Motion to Dismiss, so I have to start with the CC&R's. It
- 17 doesn't necessarily define subdivision, what is meant by
- 18 subdivision.
- But when I'm looking at the CC&R's, there are
- 20 examples, and I'm just going with the most obvious example
- 21 because it's the easiest one to articulate. The first article
- 22 talks about a Committee of Architecture, and it says that there
- 23 is created a Committee of Architecture, and then it says at
- 24 such time that 90 percent of the lots within the subdivision
- 25 have been sold by Declarant, or within one year of the issuance

- 1 of the original public report, whichever occurs first, the
- 2 owners of such lots may elect three members to consist and
- 3 serve on the Committee of Architecture.
- 4 The next paragraph says notwithstanding anything
- 5 heretobefore stated -- maybe it's hereinbefore -- architectural
- 6 review shall be vested in the initial Architecture Committee.
- 7 And then it says until such time as 90 percent of the lots in
- 8 Tract 4076, and in this instance B, have been sold by
- 9 Declarant. And the ones for Tract 4076-A say the same thing,
- 10 until 90 percent of the lots in 4076-A have been sold by the
- 11 Declarant.
- So when I look at that, it seems clear to me
- 13 that the intent of the Codes, Covenants, and Restrictions is to
- 14 define a subdivision as a tract. So a tract 4076-A is a
- 15 subdivision, Tract 4076-B is a subdivision for purposes of the
- 16 CC&R's. And, again, that is what I am focused on in my
- 17 analysis is are the tracts the subdivision or is the whole
- 18 community a subdivision.
- And when I read the CC&R's, there is -- it is a
- 20 subdivision. That's consistent with the fact that each tract
- 21 has a different final plat. It's consistent with the fact that
- 22 each of the tracts have their own CC&R's. So I am finding that
- 23 the reference to subdivision within the CC&R's is a reference
- 24 to a particular tract.
- There is no dispute -- there's no genuine of

- 1 issue of material fact in this case that the Roberts' home is
- 2 in Tract 4076-A. The Knight home is in a tract that was
- 3 previously part of 4076-B, now is Tract 4163.
- I am finding -- and I guess to answer a
- 5 question, sorry, I'm going to digress for just a second. One
- 6 of the exhibits, I think it was Exhibit 1-C, which is labeled
- 7 as a subdivision index in the objections filed by Ms. Knight,
- 8 and whether you can submit additional evidence after the Reply
- 9 brief has been filed is probably questionable.
- 10 But even if I consider that, Exhibit 1-C, which
- 11 was labeled as a Mohave County Subdivision Index, it lists, I'm
- 12 assuming, subdivisions, and it lists Tract A, Tract B, Tract C,
- 13 Tract D all separately. They are on consecutive lines. That
- 14 would suggest that each one of those is a subdivision. So that
- 15 is all consistent with each tract being its own subdivision.
- 16 And I am finding based on the language in the
- 17 CC&R's, that the CC&R's give the authority for somebody within
- 18 a tract to enforce the CC&R's for that tract.
- MS. KNIGHT: With the exception of Provision 21
- 20 and 22.
- 21 THE COURT: Ms. Knight --
- MS. KNIGHT: Excuse me.
- THE COURT: -- you've had your chance.
- MS. KNIGHT: Your Honor, I'm sorry.
- 25 THE COURT: So because of that I am finding

- 1 that Ms. Knight does not have the authority to enforce any
- 2 CC&R's in Tract 4076-A. However, there's also not a dispute
- 3 that Tract 4163 was previously a part of 4076-B, and 4076-B
- 4 specifically says it applies to lots and parcels within 4076-B.
- 5 So Ms. Knight can enforce the CC&R's for 4076-B within
- 6 Tract 4076-B. She can't enforce the CC&R's for 4076-B in a
- 7 different tract. So she can't enforce those in 4076-A, but she
- 8 can in 4076-B.
- And since this is all just predicated on whether
- 10 she has the authority to file a suit or not, what I am finding
- 11 then is with respect to the two counts in the Complaint, the
- 12 first count clearly discusses setbacks or the violation of
- 13 setbacks with respect to a particular residence in 4076-A.
- I am granting the Motion to Dismiss with respect
- 15 to count 1 which deals with a particular lot, apparently the
- 16 lot owned by the Roberts at this point in time. I am denying
- 17 the Motion to Dismiss with respect to count 2 to the extent
- 18 that she can -- at least has the authority to assert violations
- 19 of signage or other violations in 4076-B.
- Because I -- the language of the CC&R's says it
- 21 runs with the parcels. This was part of the parcel. I don't
- 22 see anything that says it was excluded once it was sold. So I
- 23 am finding she can sue for things that occurred in 4076-B, not
- 24 4076-A. So the Motion to Dismiss is granted with respect to
- 25 count 1, denied with respect to count 2.

- MS. KNIGHT: So the attempt -- may I, Your
- 2 Honor? So the attempt to violate that happened under the BOS
- 3 Resolutions that Mehdi -- I mean, he gave presentations and
- 4 everything, that -- that is still -- I have authority for that;
- 5 right? I think that's what you just said.
- 6 THE COURT: All I'm saying is I granted with
- 7 respect to count 1, I'm denying with respect to count 2 because
- 8 you do have the authority I am finding to -- limited to things
- 9 that happen in 4076-B.
- 10 MS. KNIGHT: Okay.
- 11 THE COURT: So -- and my recollection of count 2
- 12 is it's kind of limited to putting signs on unimproved lots.
- 13 So if there are signs on unimproved lots in 4076-B, you might
- 14 be able to pursue that. And, again, this is just whether she
- 15 has the authority to sue or not.
- So, Mr. Oehler, I don't know if you want to
- 17 prepare a Proposed Form of Order with respect to the dismissal
- 18 of count 1 or not or --
- 19 MR. OEHLER: Your Honor, I think, you know, we
- 20 perhaps had best do that, and also include the Court's
- 21 reasoning in regard to the signage. You know, I cannot sit
- 22 here and say that any client I represent in this lawsuit has a
- 23 single sign in the B Tract. I don't know. I, you know, was
- 24 really focused on the A Tract issues.
- 25 THE COURT: And I understand that. I'm not

- 1 saying this resolves the case -- well, resolves the case with
- 2 respect to count 1.
- 3 Again, this is just whether she --
- 4 MR. OEHLER: Correct.
- 5 THE COURT: I don't want to use the word
- 6 standing, but it's basically a standing argument, and doesn't
- 7 necessarily resolve whether there is a justiciable complaint
- 8 with respect to things that are occurring in 4076-B or not.
- 9 MS. OEHLER: Yeah, Your Honor, if, you know,
- 10 obviously after you recess, I would talk with the clerk (sic)
- 11 and have her send me a copy of the transcript from which I
- 12 would prepare a Proposed Form of Order.
- THE COURT: All right. Well, anything else then
- 14 at this point in time?
- 15 MR. OEHLER: No, Your Honor. And I would assume
- 16 that it would be acceptable with the Court that we can follow
- 17 this up with an affidavit dealing with the issue of fees and
- 18 costs?
- 19 THE COURT: Yeah. And I didn't specifically
- 20 address that issue because -- because I think that you won in
- 21 part and lost in part since I dismissed one of the counts but
- 22 not the other count.
- MR. OEHLER: Well, Your Honor, you're
- 24 certainly --
- 25 THE COURT: You can make a motion with respect

- 1 to that --
- MR. OEHLER: Okay. Thank you.
- 3 THE COURT: -- and I'll deal with that issue. I
- 4 don't need to resolve that right now.
- 5 MR. OEHLER: Thank you.
- 6 Anything else, Ms. Knight?
- 7 MS. KNIGHT: Probably, but I just -- can I
- 8 confirm what I think the understanding is? In the CC&R's it
- 9 says "attempted or threatened violation," and that's what Mehdi
- 10 did when he went before the planning commission and then the
- 11 Board of Supervisors to try to get anybody who wanted the
- 12 setback reduction in the whole project, the whole Desert Lake
- 13 Golf Course and Estates subdivision. I can proceed with that
- 14 part of my complaint? I think that's what you said.
- 15 THE COURT: All I said is that count 1 is
- 16 dismissed.
- 17 MS. KNIGHT: I haven't memorized what are
- 18 count 1 and count 2. I understand it's --
- 19 THE COURT: Count 1 is the setback with respect
- 20 to the house.
- MS. KNIGHT: Okay.
- THE COURT: That's dismissed. Count 2 is not
- 23 dismissed --
- MS. KNIGHT: Egregious parts of it, yes.
- 25 THE COURT: -- to the extent that you have the

- 1 authority for violation --
- MS. KNIGHT: Under the same case.
- 3 THE COURT: -- in 4076-B only.
- 4 MS. KNIGHT: Yes, under the same case. We don't
- 5 have -- so we now go to disclosure or what do we do? What is
- 6 the next step? You answer now to that --
- 7 THE COURT: All right.
- 8 MS. KNIGHT: -- Mr. --
- 9 THE COURT: We'll send --
- MR. OEHLER: Your Honor, I -- simply so we don't
- 11 have additional argument in paper or in person, I would assume,
- 12 therefore, that the notice of -- excuse me, the Order of
- 13 Dismissal will dismiss Mr. and Mrs. Roberts since they're
- 14 obviously in the A Tract and dealing exclusively here as
- 15 Defendants as a result of their residence.
- THE COURT: I would have assumed that as well,
- 17 but I'm assuming you will submit a notice -- or a lodged
- 18 judgment, and --
- MR. OEHLER: I will.
- 20 THE COURT: -- there may or may not be
- 21 objections to it --
- MR. OEHLER: Sure.
- 23 THE COURT: -- but we'll go from there once I
- 24 see it and once I rule on any objections to it.
- MR. OEHLER: Thank you.

1	MS. KNIGHT: One other thing because what is
2	what I wrote in count 1 and count 2, they may have been
3	intertwined. I'm not sure if they were separate. So can we
4	do you have to dismiss all of count 1 and all of keep all
5	of part 2 or just the part about the house?
6	THE COURT: I have dismissed all of count 1. I
7	have limited count 2 as I've said.
8	MS. KNIGHT: So I have to go back and read all
9	of count 1 and see what was dismissed. Okay.
10	THE COURT: All right. Stand at recess. And I
11	do have another hearing that was supposed to start at 2:30.
12	(The proceedings were concluded at 2:49 p.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	
3	I, Dawn M. Duffey, Official Reporter in the Superior
4	Court of the State of Arizona, in and for the County of Mohave,
5	do hereby certify that I made a shorthand record of the
6	proceedings had at the foregoing entitled cause at the time and
7	place hereinbefore stated;
8	That said record is full, true, and accurate;
9	That the same was thereafter transcribed under my
10	direction; and
11	That the foregoing (12) typewritten pages constitute
12	a full, true, and accurate transcript of said record, all to
13	the best of my knowledge and ability.
14	Dated at Lake Havasu City, Arizona, this 2nd day of
15	April 2018.
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21	
22	Dawn M. Duffey, Registered Professional Reporter, Arizona Certified Reporter No.
23	50039, California Certified Reporter No. 10491, Nevada Certified Reporter No. 722
24	Iowa Certified Reporter No. 1357
25	

Exhibit 1b Status Conf. Minutes – Judge Jantzen reutters plaintiff's rights



The Court reutters his ruling made on October 30, 2019 regarding the Plaintiff's right to move forward with matters as it affects Tract 4076B; discussion ensues.

As to the Motion to Exceed Page Limitation:

The Plaintiff states to the Court that she does not object to this Motion.

Mr. Oehler indicates that he has been awaiting the approval of this Motion in order to file his Motion for Summary Judgment.

IT IS ORDERED granting the Defense's Motion to Exceed Page Limitation.

Discussion ensues regarding the time limits of responsive memorandums set forth by the Rules of Civil Procedure and the difference between responses that shall be filed within ten (10) business-days and within thirty calendar-days.

As to the Status Conference:

The Plaintiff inquires with the Court regarding further issues she wishes to bring forth; discussion ensues.

Mr. Oehler updates the Court on the status of this case and informs the Court of what key issues he believes are before the Court in this matter; discussion ensues.

The Court notes that he will be setting this matter for an Oral Arguments Hearing after the Plaintiff files her Response to Mr. Oehler's pending Motion.

The Court recesses at 4:12 p.m.

cc:

NANCY KNIGHT 1803 East Lipan Circle Fort Mohave, Arizona 86426 Plaintiff in Pro Per

LAW OFFICES OF DANIEL J. OEHLER * Attorney for the Defendants

HONORABLE LEE F. JANTZEN * Division IV

Exhibit 2a Tract 4076-B Para. 20 at 1641, 899_non-waiver

family dwellings, including apartments, condominiums, town houses and patio homes are expressly forbidden.

- 17. None of the premises shall be used for other than residential purposes or for any of the following: storage yard; circuses; carnivals; manufacturing or industrial purposes; produce packing; slaughtering or eviscerating of animals, fowl, fish or other creatures; abattoirs or fat rendering; livery stables, kennels or horse or cattle or other livestock pens or boarding; cotton ginning; milling; rock crushing; or any use or purpose whatsoever which shall increase the fire hazard to any other of the said structures located upon the premises or which shall generate, give off, discharge or emit any obnoxious or excessive odors, fumes, gasses, noises, vibrations or glare or in any manner constitute a health menace or public or private nuisance to the detriment of the owner or occupant of any structure located within the premises or violate any applicable law.
- 18. These covenants, restrictions, reservations and conditions shall run with the land and shall be binding upon all parties and all persons claiming under them for a period of twenty-five (25) years from the date hereof. Thereafter, they shall be deemed to have been renewed for successive terms of ten (10) years, unless revoked or amended by an instrument in writing, executed and acknowledged by the then owners of not less than seventy-five percent (75%) of the lots on all of the property then subject to these conditions. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, prior to the Declarant having sold a lot that is subject to this instrument, Declarant may make any reasonable, necessary or convenient amendments in these restrictions and said amendments shall supercede or add to the provisions set forth in this instrument from and after the date the duly executed document setting forth such amendment is recorded in the Mohave County Recorder's Office.
- 19. Invalidation of any of the restrictions, covenants or conditions above by judgment or court order shall in no way affect any of the other provisions hereof, which shall remain in full force and effect.
- 20. If there shall be a violation or threatened or attempted violation of any of the foregoing covenants, conditions or restrictions it shall be lawful for Declarant, its successors or assigns, the corporation whose members are the lot owners or any person or persons owning real property located within the subdivision to prosecute proceedings at law or in equity against all persons violating or attempting to or threatening to violate any such covenants, restrictions or conditions and prevent such violating party from so doing or to recover damages or other dues for such violations. In addition to any other relief obtained from a court of competent jurisdiction, the prevailing party may recover a reasonable attorney fee as set by the court. No failure of the Trustee or any other person or party to enforce any of the restrictions, covenants or conditions contained herein shall, in any event, be construed or held to be a waiver thereof or congent to any further or succeeding breach or violation. The violation of any of the restrictions, covenants or conditions as set forth herein, or any one or more of them, shall not affect the lien of any mortgage or deed of trust now on record, or which may hereafter be placed on record.
- 21. In the event that any of the provisions of this Declaration conflict with any other of the sections herein, or with any applicable zoning ordinance, the more restrictive shall govern. The invalidity of any one or more phrases, sentences, clauses, paragraphs or sections hereof shall not affect the remaining portions of this instrument or any part thereof, all of which are inserted conditionally on their being held valid in law

Exhibit 2b RV Garage Inquiry

nancyknight

From: "Scott Holtry" <Scott.Holtry@mohavecounty.us>

Date: Monday, July 18, 2016 8:23 AM

To: "Nancy Knight" <nancyknight@frontier.com>

Ce: "Christine Ballard" < Christine Ballard@mohavecounty.us>

Subject: RE: Desert Lakes Setback Reduction

Nancy,

Looking at the aerial photo of your property it looks like there could possibly be space for a second detached garage on the southeast side of the property. The change in setbacks, if you decide to opt-in and if approved, would also give you more room for the second garage. Expanding the existing garage would also be an option. In both cases we would have to make sure that you stay within the approved setbacks and that you don't exceed 60% of lot coverage. Having a larger lot helps with staying under 60% of lot coverage. Going off the aerial photo it looks like you are at about 30% right now. Let me know if you have any further question.

Thanks

Scott Holtry

Planner II

Mohave County Development Services Phone: 928-757-0903 Fax: 928-757-0936 3250 E Kino Ave, Kingman, AZ 86409 scott.holtry@mohavecounty.us

From: Nancy Knight [mailto:nancyknight@frontier.com]

Sent: Saturday, July 16, 2016 5:58 AM

To: Scott Holtry <Scott.Holtry@mohavecounty.us>

Subject: Desert Lakes Setback Reduction

Dear Mr. Holtry.

As a Planner, I hope you can answer my question.

I have analyzed my lot and needs and see that if I were to sign up for the proposed setback reduction then I would have space in the front yard for an second detached garage. I have an existing three car garage attached to my home. My question is - would I be able to add an additional detached two car garage, RV suitable in height and depth. I do have a double lot so that may come into consideration for a decision for an allowable second and detached garage permit.

My other possible option, if it were permitted, would be to increase the depth of my existing garage although the roofing would be more complicated.

I look forward to your reply as the Waiver, which I do not completely understand as to how any additional building on my property would diminish its value, is due soon.

Nancy Knight 1803 E. Lipan Circle Fort Mohave, AZ

Exhibit 2c Res. 93-122 - Setbacks Clarified for Desert Lakes SD/R



MICROFILMED



#93- 24565 BK 2214 PG 976
OFFICIAL RECORDS OF MOHAVE COUNTY AZ.
JOAN McCALL, MOHAVE COUNTY RECORDER
05/05/93 3:30 P.H. PAGE 1 OF 2
HOHAVE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS RECORDING FEE 0.00 NC

RESOLUTION NO. 93-122

RESOLUTION SETTING FORTH THE APPROVAL OF AN AMENDMENTS TO CLARIFY ESTABLISHED REZONING RESOLUTIONS THAT SD/R (SPECIAL DEVELOPMENT/RESIDENTIAL) ZONING FOR DESERT LAKES SUBDIVISION TRACT 4076 BY INCLUDING SPECIFIC SETBACK REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL LOTS, LOCATED IN THE SOUTH MOHAVE VALLEY, MOHAVE COUNTY, ARIZONA.

WHEREAS, at the regular meeting of the Mohave County Board of Supervisors held on May 3, 1993, a public hearing was conducted to determine the approval of the an amendment to clarify rezoning resolution that established SD/R (Special development/Residential) Zoning for Desert Lakes, Tract 4076 subdivision by including specific setback requirements for all lots, located in the South Mohave Valley area, and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors Resolution Number 89-116 established the SD/R (Special Development/Residential) rezoning,

WHEREAS, in the body of the rezone resolution it states in part "The CC&R's presented set the rear yard setbacks at twenty (20') feet when zoning for a R-O states twenty-five (25') feet...", and

WHEREAS, Article six (6) in part "All buildings and projections thereof on lots not adjacent to the golf course being,..., shall be constructed not less than twenty (20) feet back from the front and rear property lines and five (5) feet from side property lines."

WHEREAS, at the public hearing before the Mohave County Planning and Zoning Commission on April 14, 1993 the Commission recommend conditional APPROVAL of the requested amendment with applicant understanding and accepting following conditions:

- That the setbacks shall be (not less than twenty (20)) 1. feet back from the front and rear property lines and five (5') feet from side property lines.
- That all conditions of BOS Resolution Number 89-116 be 2. met.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the Board of Supervisors, at their regular meeting on Monday, May 3, 1993





Exhibit 2d

Res. 2016-125 3 pg Denial of Amendment to Res. 93-122



FEE# 2016046551

OFFICIAL RECORDS OF MOHAVE COUNTY ROBERT BALLARD, COUNTY RECORDER



10/13/2016 03:10 PM Fee: \$0.00

PAGE: 1 of 3

RESOLUTION NO. 2016-125

A RESOLUTION SETTING FORTH A DENIAL OF AN AMENDMENT TO BOS RESOLUTION NO. 93-122 ON ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NOS. 226-11-002-226-11-012-226-11-014, 226-11-015, 226-11-031, 226-11-032, 226-11-034, 226-11-035, 226-11-036, 226-11-037, 226-11-042, 226-11-044, 226-11-045A, 226-11-047, 226-11-049, 226-11-050, 226-11-052, 226-11-056, 226-11-058, 226-11-063, 226-11-064, 226-11-072, 226-11-075, 226-11-077, 226-11-092, 226-11-099, 226-11-102B, 226-11-103A, 226-11-104, 226-11-108, 226-11-109, 226-11-110, 226-11-1<u>15, 226-11-118, 226-11-120, 226-11-125,</u> 226-11-133, 226-11-134, 226-11-144, 226-11-145, 226-11-147, 226-11-156, 226-11-166, 226-11-167, 226-11-168, 226-11-173, 226-11-176, 226-11-177, 226-11-179, 226-11-180, 226-11-182, 226-11-184, 226-11-185, 226-11-188, 226-11-191, 226-11-192, 226-11-202, 226-11-212, 226-11-217, 226-11-225, 226-11-229, 226-11-233, 226-13-001, 226-13-002, 226-13-003, 226-13-008, 226-13-009, 226-13-011A, 226-13-013, 226-13-016, 226-13-023, 226-13-025A, 226-13-027, 226-13-035, 226-13-036, 226-13-037, 226-13-038, 226-13-039, 226-13-049, 226-13-059, 226-13-061, 226-13-062, 226-13-064, 226-13-065, 226-13-079, 226-13-082, 226-13-083, 226-13-085, 226-13-086, 226-13-088, 226-13-090, 226-13-095, 226-13-102, 226-13-120, 226-13-126, 226-13-136, 226-13-141, 226-13-149, 226-13-152, 226-13-154, 226-13-157, 226-13-160, 226-13-165, 226-13-166, 226-13-167, 226-13-168, 226-13-172, 226-13-173, 226-13-174, 226-13-175, 226-13-177, 226-13-179, 226-13-181, 226-13-191, 226-13-201, 226-13-208, 226-13-211, 226-13-218, 226-13-225, 226-14-008, 226-14-010, 226-28-001, 226-28-009, 226-28-014, 226-28-015, 226-28-021, 226-28-028, 226-28-029, 226-28-030, 226-28-031, 226-28-036, 226-28-037, 226-28-040, 226-28-057, 226-28-060, 226-28-061, 226-28-066, 226-28-068, 226-28-070, 226-28-071, 226-28-088, 226-28-111, 226-28-126, 226-28-129, 226-28-130, 226-28-131, 226-28-135, 226-28-137, 226-28-148, 226-28-161, 226-28-168, 226-28-171, 226-28-172, 226-28-177, 226-28-180, 226-28-183, 226-28-187, 226-28-192, 226-28-193, 226-28-203, 226-28-215, 226-28-216, 226-28-217, 226-28-218, 226-28-219, 226-28-221, 226-28-227, AND 226-28-229, TO ALLOW FOR A SETBACK REDUCTION-IN FRONT YARDS FROM 20 FEET TO 15 FEET AND IN REAR YARDS FROM 20 FEET TO 15 FEET, IN THE SOUTH MOHAVE VALLEY VICINITY, MOHAVE COUNTY, ARIZONA

WHEREAS, at the regular meeting of the Mohave County Board of Supervisors held on October 3, 2016, a public hearing was conducted to determine whether approval should be granted for an Amendment to BOS Resolution 93-122, as requested by Mohave County, and

WHEREAS, the Assessor's Parcel Numbers shown above are located within the Desert Lakes Subdivision Tract 4076. The subdivision is accessed on State Highway 95, then east onto Joy Lane approximately .75 miles to the site, and

12 xel



RESOLUTION NO. 2016-125

PAGE 2

WHEREAS, all subject properties are currently zoned S-D/R (Special Development/Residential) zone, and consist of vacant lots and single-family residential dwellings. The properties were zoned S-D/R (Special Development/Residential) as approved and amended by BOS Resolution No. 89-N6 adopted December 4, 1989 and BOS Resolution No. 93-122 adopted May 3, 1993. A setback of twenty (20') feet in the front and rear yard and five (5') feet in the side yard was established with BOS Resolution No. 93-122. The surrounding zoning is S-D/R (Special Development/Residential) and S-D/C (Special Development/Commercial). The surrounding land uses consist of single family residential and a golf course, and

WHEREAS, as of December 2, 2015, revisions to the Mohave County Zoning Ordinance took effect including Section 35.B, Setbacks and Area Requirements. This section of the Zoning Ordinance was revised per Mohave County Ordinance 2015-07. The revisions reduced the front yard setback from 20 feet to 15 feet and reduced the rear yard setback from 25 feet to 15 feet on residentially zoned properties. However, the new setbacks did not apply to properties located within the Desert Lakes Subdivision because the setbacks within the subdivision were set by BOS Resolution No. 93-122. In order to change the setbacks within the Desert Lakes Subdivision, an amendment would have to be made to the resolution, and

WHEREAS, to mitigate the need to make future amendments to the resolution, Development Services sent out individual packets to all property owners within the Desert Lakes Subdivision. The packets included a letter from Development Services that explained the reduction in setbacks and its process, a response form that indicated whether or not the property owner would like to be included in the reduction in setbacks, a Waiver of Claims for Diminution in Value form, and a prepaid return envelope. In order to be included in the proposed amendment to BOS Resolution 93-122 each property owner had to check "Yes" on the response form, sign both the response and waiver forms, and return it to the Development Services Department by July 25, 2016. A total of 762 parcels were included in the mailing with 180 responding yes, 62 responding no, 32 that did not send in all of the needed paperwork, and 22 that were returned by the Post Office because of a bad address, and

WHEREAS, the following described Findings of Fact are for the above-captioned item:

- a. All notices have been advertised and posted according to regulations.
- b. The proposed action and effect comply with the Mohave County General Plan.

WHEREAS, at the public hearing before the Mohave County Planning and Zoning Commission on September 14, 2016, the Commission recommended APPROVAL of the Amendment to BOS Resolution No. 93-122, subject to the following:

That the setbacks shall not be less than twenty (20') fifteen (15') feet back from the front and rear property lines and five (5') feet from side property lines.

WHEREAS, the notice of hearing was published in the Kingman Daily Miner, a newspaper of general circulation in Kingman, Mohave County, Arizona, and in the Mohave Valley News, a newspaper of general circulation in South Mohave Valley, Mohave County, Arizona, on September 18, 2016, and was posted on September 16, 2016, as required by Arizona Revised Statutes and the Mohave County Zoning Regulations; and

RESOLUTION NO. 2016-125

PAGE 3

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors accepted public testimony and considered the testimony in their decision making process.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Supervisors, at their regular meeting on Monday, October 3, 2016, DENIED this Amendment to BOS Resolution No. 93-122.

MOHAVE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

ATTEST

Jean Bishop, Chairman

Ginny Anderson, Clerk of the Board

DITAT DEUS

Exhibit 3 Count Two Compensation papa.63 pg 16 orig. Complaint

Constructors mail a letter to all property owners in the Desert Lakes Community to inform them of the Court Order that may have affected their property and to also take an ad in the Mohave Daily News announcing the financial remedy that affected property owners can apply for at the address of Fairway Constructors, Inc. located at 5890 S. Highway 95, Fort Mohave, AZ.

58. In closing, Plaintiff believes that political will by Mehdi Azarmi for the letters of support for his variance, should not be given any credence especially at the expense of those others in the community who do not have the political connections of the Chamber of Commerce or elected officials who benefit from Azarmi's money, power, and influence.

COUNT TWO INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

- **59.** Plaintiff incorporates herein by reference all allegations of Count One of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 60. Plaintiff has a strong likelihood of success on the merits of the violations of the CC&Rs as set forth herein.
- 61. Plaintiff is entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctions enjoining

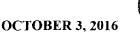
 Defendants from all current signage violations on unimproved lots.
- 62. Plaintiff is entitled to preliminary and permanent injunctions enjoining

 Defendants from any existing or future violations of the CC&Rs including but not limited to setback reductions and signage on unimproved lots.
- 63. Plaintiff is entitled to reasonable monetary compensation that does not exceed the jurisdictional limit of the Court including but not limited to filing fees, compensation for hours of research, emails, letters and postage, and physical and emotional distress from the battle to protect her Desert Lakes Community from CC&R violations. The amount found due by a jury herein or found due by judgment of the Court.



Exhibit 4 BOS Minutes P. 22 Sup. Johnson comments

REGULAR MEETING





don't want people upset we want to make it easier for people if this is something they want to do or if they don't want to do apparently legally they have to consent to it or not consent to it.

Director Hont stated you are right Supervisor Angius some of them missed it and obviously they missed it and I agree that it would be proper, after thinking about it, it would be proper to have a second round of that and give them the option again one more time if they want to join that and we're going to do that, thank you.

Supervisor Johnson stated Mr. Hont you were talking about staking and doing all of this manual labor, it's the person requesting that's paying us for that right, we're not doing this out of a...

Director Hondresponded no we didn't charge for that because it's for the entire subdivision and it's not their fault. He then stated basically what happened, and Chris Ballard can explain this a lot better than I can, it happened before I came to that position that they had their own special zoning and with a Resolution they established a setback which doesn't match the County setback and then we changed the County zoning ordinance recently not too long ago where we changed the setback to 15 feet from 20 feet for the entire County and then we discovered that these folks will not be covered by that because of their ordinance, original ordinance, so to correct that we proposed that we give this subdivision an option to join in with the rest of the County and they have the same setback as everybody else in the County.

Supervisor Johnson stated okay I guess I mean if I was somebody that lived in this subdivision and I bought in there and I don't know if there protected views or not but I knew that the setbacks were right along the road here and I would do it now if somebody comes in and builds five foot farther in front of me and we are allowing that it seems to me that we can be liable for some kind of a take on that. He then stated I mean I can't imagine, I can tell you in Lake Havasu they would lynch you for doing something like that that would not go over at all. He stated I don't see why that's becoming an issue now in that subdivision and why we're getting involved in it.

Director Hont stated the, when we listened to these discussions and we had a committee to change the setbacks for the entire County and at that time the arguments were made and there was in front of also the Planning & Zoning Commission that the needs changed for people they want larger garages and larger homes and less yard to maintain and that was the driving force and that was the argument. He then stated and so on the liability issue we worked with the County Attorney and his opinion was that the damages are not, cannot define any damages to anyone but that if every property owner agreed that we change the setback on that property owner then it would be proper.

Supervisor Johnson stated so basically you're forcing this upon the people in there, that's exactly what we're doing your going in there and telling people that. He then stated because I can see maybe some of these lots, I don't know anything about the lots maybe some of them weren't buildable now they are buildable I don't know, but I can see if people bought houses or bought the lots and then built the home expecting other houses to be built with the same setback and now they you know what they will all consider to be hindering onto their quality of life. He further stated it seems to me if the CC&R people wanted to come in and ask as a group it would be great but I know we don't follow CC&Rs but we don't go against them either I mean we're not somebody to go in change them but that's my only question that's all I had madam chair.

Deputy Atty Directs Otherwise
per Christine Ballard

Exhibit 5a Social Media Communications on CC&Rs 3 pages

8 Aug · 18 neighborhoods in Crime & Safety



Sasha Bennick

I like the "unincorporated association" better than HOA.

8 Aug



Thank you Sasha, It is the best of both worlds. An HOA bills everyone for dues that oftentimes only benefits a few. We have an opportunity in Desert Lakes to not only form an unincorporated association for a potential meeting hall but to provide service to the community for amendments to our CC&Rs or to issue variances for those who have CC&R violations due to no fault of their own. I am looking forward to a positive response to the formation of an unincorporated association and for 75% of the property owners to vote in favor of some important issues that will prevent "pitting neighbor against neighbor" in a court of law. Please help spread the word. Nextdoor Desert Lakes does not reach enough people yet. Word-of-mouth is still the best form of advertising.

8 Aug

Don Foust

Nancy Knight I think you are on the right track. I do not want HOA but to have some way to get the folks who violate the CC&Rs to correct them. I don't want to see it become something that causes people to get upset or angry. I think most that violate the CC&Rs probably don't even know they are.

8 Aug

Nancy Knight

Hello Don, For starters, I formed a Group that has a poll for people to vote on whether they would be interested in having an unincorporated association. Can you get to the Group category for Desert Lakes and vote please? I have explained a little about what duties the unincorporated association would be authorized to do. As for CC&R enforcement, even a prominent Realtor who lives in Desert Lakes is also hoping for CC&R enforcement. I agree that we do not want to



get people angry but we also do not want our community to become blighted. Rules need to be followed for everyone's property protection.

8 Aug

Don Foust

Nancy Knight please give me some help to get where I can vote

8 Aug

Nancy Knight

<u>Don Foust</u> As I see the page, your message is here in the middle column of Nexdoor and to the left is a narrow column that has Titles such as Neighborhood with a list of categories that begins with Recommendations and ends with General, then I see the Groups listings with the Desert Lakes Group below the Fairway Estates Group. Do you see it this way? If yes, then if you click the Desert Lakes Group you will find the poll question. Let me know how it goes.

4

Sasha Bennick

I am not sure if I am following now.... is there something wrong with this area that CC&Rs need to be enforced? What exactly are you wanting to be enforced?

8 Aug

Nancy Knight

Yes Sasha, Realtors have noticed a decline in maintenance of the community and other violations. Many people are harmed by others who violate the CC&Rs. It is a huge issue from some photos that I have seen of fences falling down or replaced with wood fencing. Setbacks are an issue too as they take views from their neighbors. Fences that are too high are restricted as well and the County will issue a permit for anyone to change the original 6 foot maximum height to 8 feet high without any assurance of the size of the footings and then the County takes no responsibility when the block wall starts to crack, lean, or falls over. There are so many potential violations and many people do not even know they have caused a violation or that others caused it an now they are responsible if they do not have a means of getting a variance under some authorized group voted on by the property owners. Do you have a copy of the CC&Rs? If not I can email a pdf of your Tract's CC&Rs. There are six Tract CC&Rs and they are identical for land use. Some have specific lots cited for the owner's to have responsibility for maintenance of

drainage channels. The names of the Tracts are Tract 4076-A, 4076-B, 4076-C, 4076-D, 4132, and 4159. Your title insurance policy on the exclusions page will also cite the Book and Page number for the Recorded document. If you don't know your tract number then I can look it up by the Book and Page number. All CC&Rs need to be followed but it is up to individual property owners to enforce them. We once had an Architectural Committee of three members who could approve variances but it no longer exists. Violations are enforced against neighbors who are harmed in one way or the other, generally due to self-serving motives of their neighbor or due to the former owner of the home they bought.

8 Aug

Sasha Bennick

Nancy Knight got it. Thank you for being so specific in your response.

9 Aug

Add a reply...

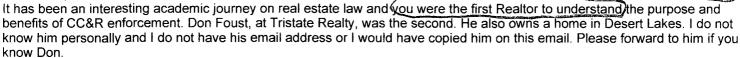
Exhibit 5b Email to Realtor Gina Harris – CC&R enforcement update

nancyknight

From: "nancyknight" <nancyknight@frontier.com>
Date: Friday, November 01, 2019 7:40 AM
To: "Gina Harris" <ginaharrisbroker@gmail.com>

Subject: Update on CC&R Enforcement

Hello Gina,



He wrote to me on Nextdoor.com when I proposed a vote on forming an unincorporated association Don wrote:
"Nancy Knight I think you are on the right track. I do not want HOA but to have some way to get the folks who violate the CC&Rs to correct them. I don't want to see it become something that causes people to get upset or angry. I think most that violate the CC&Rs probably don't even know they are."

The Defendants in my original Complaint are not among those who don't even know we have CC&Rs. Their violations are deliberate and have created a multitude of victims who do not even know they are about to become additional Defendants.

Based on the information below, I need an opinion on whether to fight to preserve enforcement rights within the entire Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates Tract 4076 Sübdivision that was created in 1988 by Bella Enterprises, Inc., or accept limited prosecution rights for only violations in Tracts where one owns property. In other words, this case will establish a precedent that prosecution rights will be limited for everyone unless Appealed.

In 2018, a judge ruled Desert Lakes is not One Subdivision but rather a number of separate subdivisions called Tracts (4076A, 4076B, 4076C, etc.) I live in Tract 4076B, which I found out in research, was actually Phase II on the original Subdivision map established by Bella Enterprises, Inc. in 1988 and followed by Desert Lakes Development L.P. in 1989. I am sure you know you are in Phase I (Tract 4076A) which was the first Tract to be developed with the lots platted for estates homes, the golf course and clubhouse, lakes/ponds, and even for the sewer treatment plant that is also displayed on that original Tract 4076 map. The defense attorney has even challenged my claim that we are not merely a planned community of homes but rather a Master Planned Community.

My original law suit only cited violations in Tract 4076A. The former judge (I have had four so far and movement of the case to three different Courts) ruled in April 2018 for Dismissal of Count One as it involved violations in Tract 4076A; however, he also ruled that I could prosecute violations in Tract 4076B and could modify my Complaint for violations in Tract 4076B.

I have tried multiple times to get a reversal of dismissal of Count One. Then came a breakthrough when the County finally gave me the complete information that I needed to piece together the creation of the One Subdivision. With this preponderance of evidence, I tried to get the current judge to reconsider the dismissal of Count One so I, or anyone in the future, could prosecute violations within the entire Subdivision.

The current judge ruled against me this week without citing any logic for continuing to claim we have separate subdivisions called Tracts. This leaves everyone in Desert Lakes at risk of blight occurring in various Tracts over time when no one has the time or inclination to prosecute in a Court of law as I have. If this happens, lawyers for any future defense can have all of the CC&Rs nullified as abandoned.

My choice now is to file an Appeal (there is no precedent for our situation of one subdivision developed in tracts that are not separate subdivisions) or accept my limited and unfair ability to enforce only in Tract 4076B.

If you know other Realtors who own property in Desert Lakes and any attorneys you know in Desert Lakes who are willing to offer their opinion, please share this information with them. I need support in words or deeds or contributions for the Appeal or upcoming Trial - soon to be scheduled if I do not go for the Appeal.

I do not know if you are aware that my first case of enforcement that included trespass against my neighbor cost me over \$40,000 in attorney fees and restoration costs when the defense attorney claimed in mediation that his clients had no money. For this reason, I have to go pro per now. That neighbor sold the home during litigation creating two defendants with self-serving motives. Luckily, we had a great mediator that fought for my CC&R rights. My new neighbor is acrimonious and not happy with the

Exhibit 6 Para. 21 carried over Book 1641, p.900

P21 carried over

and in the event that one or more of the phrases, sentences, clauses, paragraphs or sections contained therein should be invalid or should operate to render this agreement invalid, this agreement shall be construed as if such invalid phrase or phrases, sentence or sentences, clause or clauses, paragraph or paragraphs, or section or sections had not been inserted. In the event that any provision or provisions of this instrument appear to be violative of the Rule against Perpetuities, such provision or provisions shall be construed as being void and of no effect as of twenty-one (21) years after the death of the last partners of Desert Lakes Development, or twenty-one (21) years after the death of the last survivor of all of said incorporators children or grandchildren who shall be living at the time this instrument is executed, whichever is the later.

The singular wherever used herein shall be construed to mean the plural when applicable, and the necessary grammatical changes required to make the provisions hereof apply either to corporations or individuals, men or women, shall in all cases be assumed as though in each case fully expressed.

Special Development Residential SD-R Single Family Residential, Mobile Homes Prohibited Land Use Regulations.

Uses Permitted:

Single Family dwelling and accessory structures and uses normally incidental to single family residences, MOBILE HOMES, MANUFACTURED HOMES AND PREFABRICATED HOMES PROHIBITED.

LAWYERS TITLE AGENCY, INC., as Trustee

DESERT LAKES DEVELOPMENT I.P.

a Delaware Limited Partnership

STATE OF ARIZONA

88

COUNTY OF MOHAVE

On this, the <u>6th</u> day of <u>December</u>, 19 89, before me the undersigned officer, personally appeared <u>ROBERT P. DOUGLASS</u>, who acknowledged himself to be a corporation, and that he, as such officer being authorized so to do, executed the foregoing instrument for the purposes therein contained, by signing the name of the corporation by himself as Trust Officer.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand and official seal.

My Commission Expires: MY COMMISSION EXPIRES MAY 30, 1990:

Exhibit 7 Mojave Tribal Authority Business- Assessor's Clubhouse Description

Parcel Number: 226-11-250

Owner: UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TRUSTEE



-



Ownership Type: Trustee(s)

Mailing Address: 8490 S HIGHWAY 95 STE 105, MOHAVE VALLEY, AZ 864409247

Site Address: 5835 S DESERT LAKES DR, FORT MOHAVE

	Previous Year	Current Year	Future Year
Tax Year	2018	2019	2020
Tax Area	1621	1621	1621
Land Value	\$21,926	\$19,303	\$19,601
Improvement Value	\$238,042	\$243,055	\$243,840
Full Cash Value	\$259,968	\$262,358	\$263,441
Assessed Full Cash Value	\$46,795	\$47,225	\$47,419
Limited Valued	\$259,968	\$262,358	\$263,441
Assessed Limited Value	\$46,795	\$47,225	\$47,419
Value Method	Cost	Cost	Cost
Exempt Amount	\$46,795	\$47,225	\$47,419
Exempt Type	Tribal - LPV	Tribal - LPV	Tribal - LPV
Assessor Use Code	9820-INDIAN GOV COMMER PROP	9820-INDIAN GOV COMMER PROP	9820-INDIAN GOV COMMER PROP
Assessment Ratio	18.0	18.0	18.0
Property Class	0112	0112	0112

Description Information

Parcel Size	0.97 acres
Township	19N
Range	22W
Section	35

DESERT LAKES GOLF COURSE & ESTATES TRACT 4076A PHASE 1 PARCEL D-D CLUBHOUSE CONT 42166 SQ

Exhibit 8a Permit to Chase







P. O. Box 7000 Kingman, Arizona 86402-7000 3250 E. Kino Ave, Kingman www.cn.mohave.az.us Telephone (928) 757-0903 FAX (928) 757-3577

Nicholas S. Hont, P. E. Department Director



Michael P. Hendrix, P. E. Deputy County Manager

BLD-2015-01269 PERMIT NUMBER

LEGAL: DESERT LAKES GOLF COURSE AND ESTATES UNIT E TR 4163 LOT 10 & THE ELY 1/2 OF LOT 11 CONT 7262 SQ FT OR 0.17 ACRES 223-23-010,011 & 012 (223-23-010A & 012A) 2006 TAX ROLL

ADDRESS: 1795 LIPAN CIR FORT MOHAVE, AZ

ASSESSOR PARCEL#: 226-23-010A

ZONING: SD/R

Applicant: LEWIS CHASE

Mail to: 1795 E LIPAN CIR FORT MOHAVE, AZ 86426

Phone: 9287704014

Owner: LEWIS CHASE

Address: 1795 E LIPAN CIR FORT MOHAVE, AZ 86426

Phone: 9287704014

TYPE OF IMPROVEMENT: 30LF SINGLE COURSE BLOCK WALL ADDITION WITH 16 X 20 SAIL CLOTH COVER

CONTRACTORS:

Contractor Type: OWNER-BUILDER License #: NA

Business Name: Contractor Name: Address: ,

Phone 1: Phone 2: Fax: Email:

ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DIVISION

FLOOD CONTROL DIVISION

Septic Permit #: SEWER

PFI# FUP#:

I UNDERSTAND THAT THE RECEIPT OF THIS APPLICATION BY MOHAVE COUNTY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DOES NOT IMPLY APPROVAL, AND THAT THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENT(S) WILL COMPLY WITH THE MOHAVE COUNTY ZONING ORDINANCE AND ALL APPLICABLE BUILDING CODES.

Signature

Expiration of the Building Permit shall comply with Section 106.4.4 of the Uniform Building Code: "Construction must begin within 180 days of the date of this permit. Substantial progress must be demonstrated every 180 days or this permit will EXPIRE and become NULL and VOID".

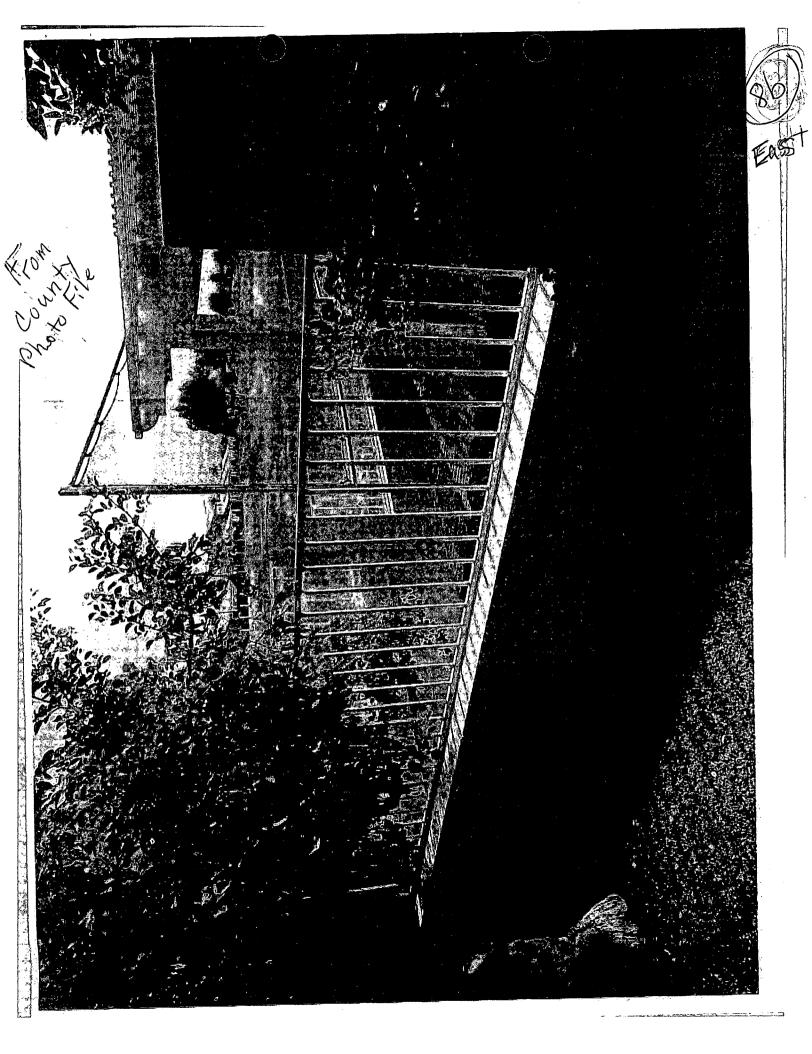
- Any structure built within 1 foot of the minimum setback is subject to a request by the building inspector for a survey. Two copies of the survey are to be turned into the building department; one copy is to be an original wet stamp by an Arizona registered Land Surveyor and the second may be a copy. If requested, the survey needs to be current.
- 2. All structures are required to have a string line run for measurement.

 REQUIRED CONDITIONS (if any)	

Page 1 of 2	

Exhibit 8b

2 Photos of Plaintiff's orig design for views - easterly and westerly



Plaintiff's original Side yard fence with steel rails

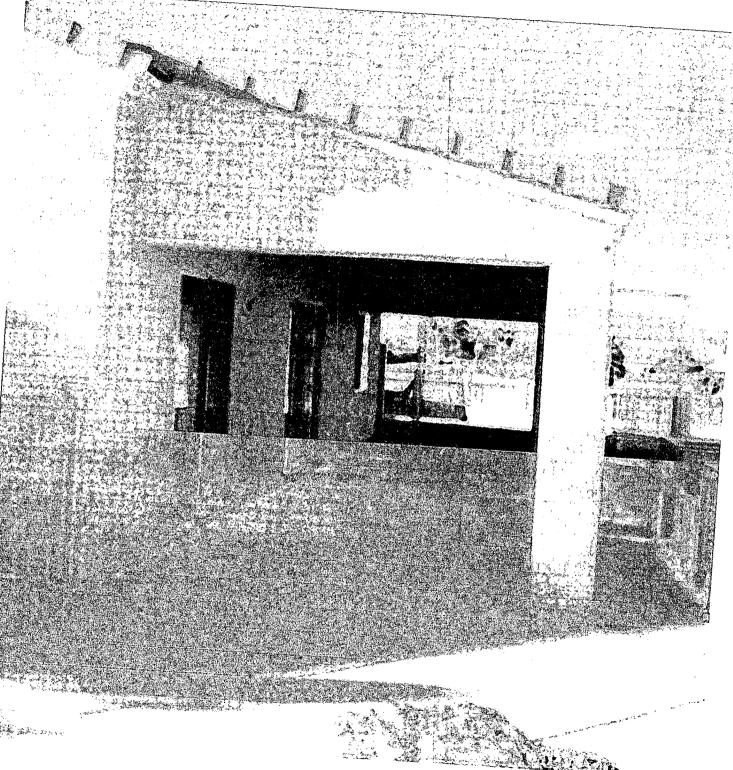
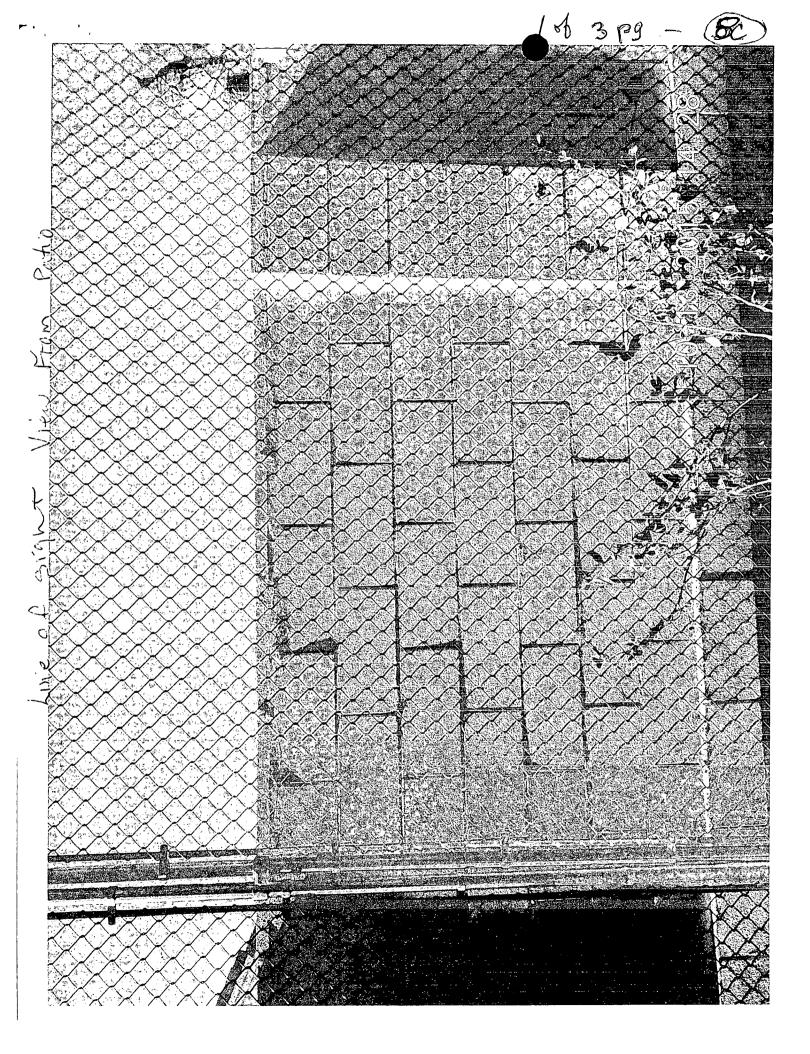


Exhibit 8c 3 photos of Chase modifications



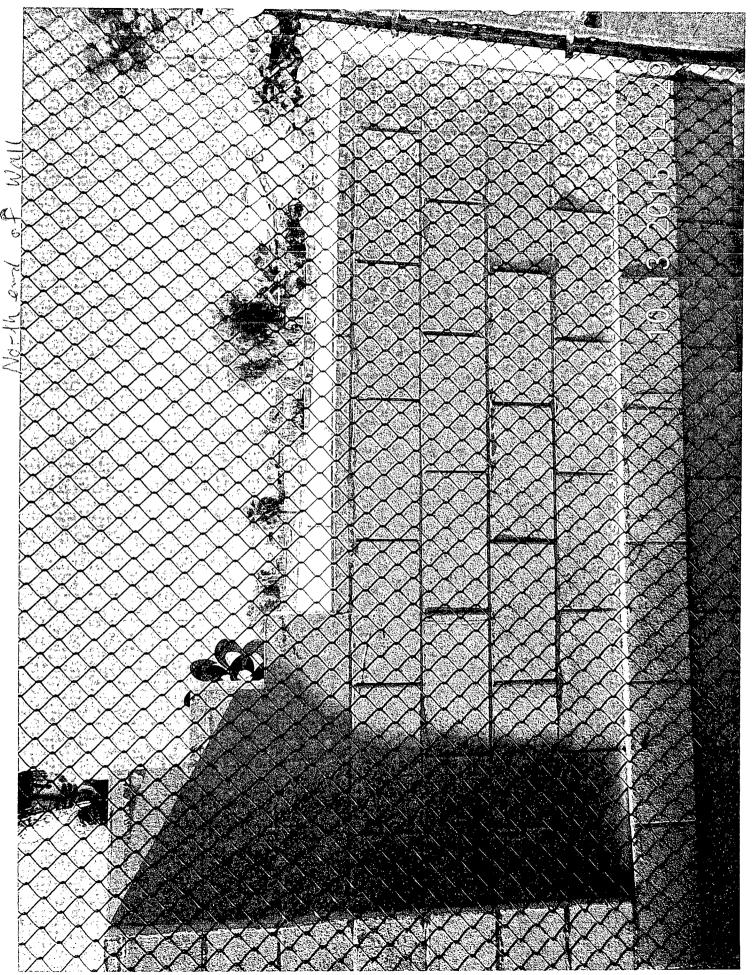
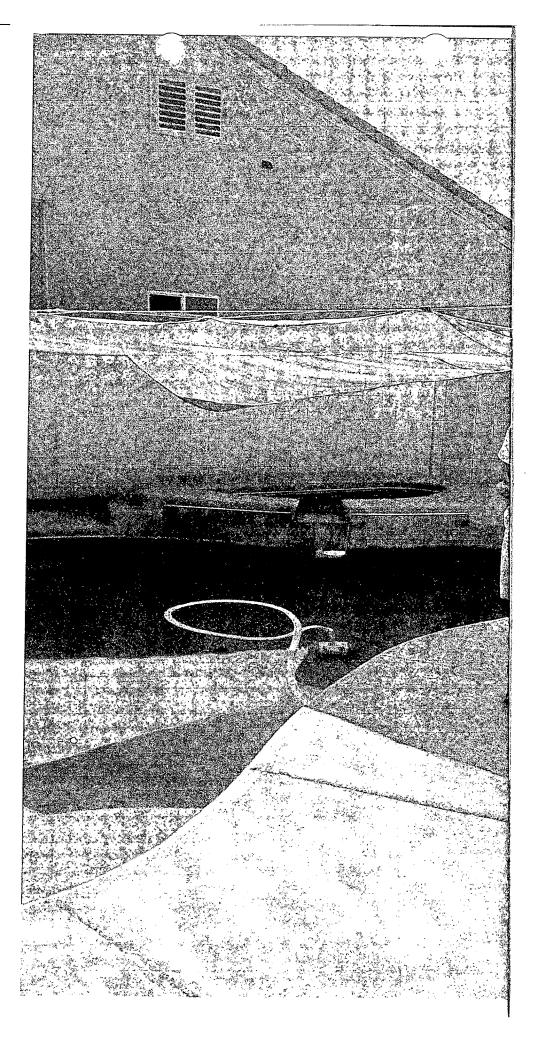


Exhibit 8d
Two Photos: Sail Cloth Cover over Chase pool and view of pool privacy



(8d) 11/2

Exhibit 8e Cost of Boundary Survey



P.O. Box 35455 • Phoenix, AZ 85069-5455 602-246-9919 • Fax: 602-246-9944

Email: info@asam1.com



September 30, 2015

Attention:

Nancy Knight (928) 768-1537

1803 E. Lipan Circle, Ft. Mohave, AZ 86426

RE:

Survey Location: Mohave County APN 226-23-009A

Purpose: Facing The House:

Left Side: Clarify wall location with respect to property line

Right Side: Stake property line needed for new fence

Arizona Surveying and Mapping (ASAM), is pleased to present this proposal for survey services on the above referenced properties. ASAM services will include the following:

Boundary Survey:

Locate, set or perpetuate the overall deed line corners of the above referenced parcel

- Show existing left side wall on record of survey. Include both faces of wall and dimension to house
- Provide two stakes on right side property line (in addition to the property corners) to assist with locating new fence
- Provide two (2) Records of Survey with the signature and seal of the registered land surveyor

Total cost for the above outlined scope: \$1,400

ASAM estimates commencing work approximately October 5, 2015 and will require 4-6 days for completion. This start date will be confirmed upon receipt of a signed work order and a 50% deposit. All scheduling is based on availability at the time notice to proceed is given.

This scope does not include extraordinary boundary conditions relative to disputes, adverse possession issues, hiatus or overlaps, encroachments, lack of proper monumentation, etc. If any of the above conditions are discovered ASAM and the client shall discuss further action and any additional costs at that time.

Payment in full is due immediately upon completion. No work will commence until contracts are signed and received by this office. The Client here under agrees to pay all attorneys' fees and other cost incurred by Arizona Surveying and Mapping in collecting any debt due, whether or not suit is instituted. Client agrees to limit ASAM's and its agents, representatives, subcontractors and sub consultants liability to client and all contractors and subcontractors on the project arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions by ASAM, such that the total aggregate liability to all those named shall not exceed \$25,000 or ASAM's total fee for services, whichever is greater.

We look forward to your positive response, and thank you for your consideration.

SINCERELY,

Frank Lange, CEO Arizona Surveying and Mapping 50% pd che 307 Compassible

9 - 30 - 2015 Date

Exhibit 8f Survey of side yard fence with setback shortfall



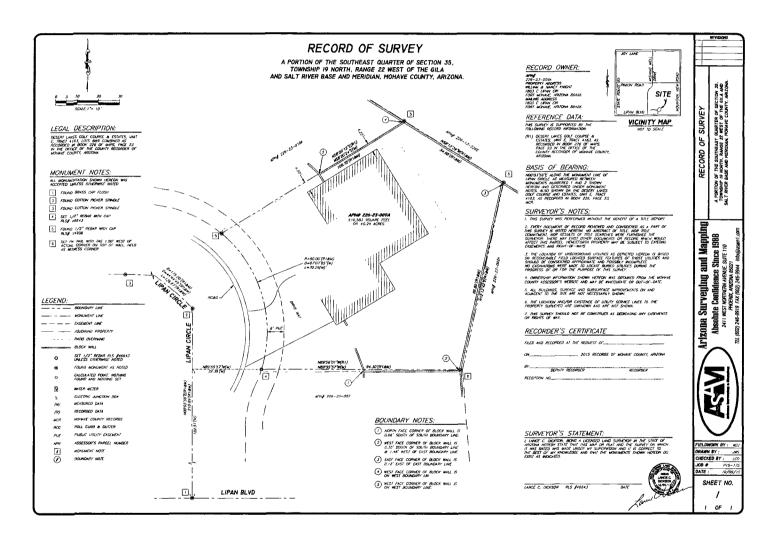


Exhibit 8g 3pg Attorney Moyer_LenkowskyBillingPaymentRecord



12/5/2019 10 36 AM

Law Office of Kenneth E Moyer, P.L.L.C. Slip Listing

Page

	riew E-mail from N. Kn -mail to N. Knight re. I		Attorney Activity Client Reference	Units DNB Time Est. Time Variance	Rate Rate Info Bill Status	Slip Value
side wall standa 13414 6/7/2017 Billed Review letter fro agreement, Rev modifications to K. Gregory relia agreement per i Knight Review		7/10/2017 ement hight re: D. Oehler & s. modify I same to N.	Kenneth E. Moyer Attorney Time KnightW&N/Chase	0.70 0.00 0.00 0.00	325.00 T@2	227.50
	TIME G:14082 rom N. Knight re. disir w.court order re. same	nssal	Kenneth E. Moyer Attorney Time KnightW&N/Chase	0.10 0.00 0.00 0.00	325.00 T @ 2	32.50
settlement, E-m	TIME G 14082 rom K, Gregory re, sta all to K. Gregory; Revi imissal calendar	itus of	Kenneth E. Moyer Attorney Time KnightW&N/Chase	0.20 0.00 0.00 0.00	325.00 T@2	65.00
Grand Total			Billable Unbillable Total	42.20 0.00 42.20	-	14664.84 0.00 14664.84

12/5/2019 10 38 AM

Law Office of Kenneth E. Moyer, P.L.L.C. A/R Transaction Listing

Page

Type Date Invoice # Check Number
293 PAY B KnightW&N/Chase
6/29/2017 G 14082 3191 8293

Total

Payment - Thank You Check No. 3191

Chent

(2000.00)

10124 PAY

B KnightW&N/Chase

(420.50)

12/12/2018 1:25479 3201

Payment - Thank You Check No. 3201

Grand Total Payment

(10664.84)



LAW OFFICES OF LENKOWSKY & FONTENOT

1181 Hancock Road Bullhead City, AZ 86442

St	ateme	ent

12/11/2019

Nancy & William Knight 1803 E. Lipan Circle Fort Mohave, AZ 86426



				DUE DATE	AMOUNT DUE
				12/11/2019	\$12.00
			<u> </u>	AMOUNT	BALANCE
09/30/2015 10/15/2015 11/23/2015 12/22/2015 02/26/2016 03/22/2016 04/25/2016 05/19/2016 06/24/2016 07/26/2016 08/24/2016 09/30/2016 09/30/2016	Balance forward PMT INV #40971. INV #41038. INV #41167. INV #41236. INV #41376. INV #41376. INV #41449. INV #41512. INV #41575. INV #41678. INV #41679.			-5,000.00 142.50 142.50 919.50 702.00 782.50 114.00 1,083.00 142.50 85.50 57.00 100.00	0.00 -5,000.00 -4,857.50 -4,715.00 -3,795.50 -3,093.50 -2,311.00 -2,197.00 -1,456.00 -373.00 -230.50 -145.00 -88.00 12.00
CURRENT	1-30 DAYS PAST DUE	31-60 DAYS PAST DUE	61-90 DAYS PAST DUE	OVER 90 DAYS PAST DUE	AMOUNT DUE (ne 30 Days)
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	12.00	\$12.00

WE THANK YOU FOR YOUR BUSINESS. IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS OR CONCERNS REGARDING YOUR STATEMENT, PLEASE CONTACT OUR OFFICE.

Exhibit 8h Restoration Costs – 3 pgs



PROPOSAL & CONTRACT

Redmond Construction LLC

Date:

3/10/2017

7146 Calle Del Media

Property Owner:

Knight

Mohave Valley, AZ 86440

Phone:

928-768-1537

Phone (928) 768-9518

Job #:

Fax (928) 768-9059

Job Address:

1803 Lipan Circle

AZ ROC#198045 - NV LIC#0075116

City:

Fort Mohave

Phase 1

1. Remove 3 courses of CMU block.

- 2. Remove 4 courses of CMU block approx. 6' wide. Replace with painted wrought iron fence.
- 3. Remove 4 courses of CMU block approx. 10' wide. Replace with painted wrought iron fence.

Phase 2

1. Remove 1 course of CMU block approx. 30lf.

*Written permission required to work on neighbor's property. Due to close proximity of swimming pool, all attempts will be made to control dust and debris but no guarantee given.

We propose hereby to furnish-material and labor complete in accordance with above specifications, for the sum of \$2,660.67

Deposit of \$260.67 due before start of job. Balance of \$2,400.00 due upon completion.

All material is guaranteed to be as specified. All work to be completed in a workmanlike manner according to standard practices. Any alteration or deviation from the above specifications involving extra costs will be executed only upon written orders and will become an extra charge over and above the estimate. All agreements contingent upon strikes, accidents or delays beyond our control. Owner will carry fire, tornado and other necessary insurance. Our workers are fully covered by Workman's Compensation Insurance. Permit fees are not included. A preliminary lien will be filed on all jobs.

Authorized Signature:

Note: This proposal may be withdrawn by us if not accepted within 30 days.

ACCEPTANCE OF PROPOSAL: The above specifications and conditions are satisfactory and are hereby accepted. You are authorized to do the work as specified.

Payment will be made as outlined above.

Signature:

Date of Acceptance:





8h

293

Redmond Construction LLC

5902 Highway 95 Unit 118 Fort Mohave, AZ 86426

Phone (928) 768-9518 Fax (928) 768-9059

AZ #198045 • NV #0075116 • CA #1003918

Date:

11/8/2017

Property Owner:

Knight, Nancy 928-768-1537

Phone: Job #:

Job Address:

1803 Lipan Circle

City:

Fort Mohave

Original contract date: 3/10/2017

Changes/ additions to original contract:

- Remove approx. 8'3" x 32" of cmu block wall.
- Remove approx. 9'6" x 32" of cmu block wall.
- · Replace removed cmu block with wrought iron fence panels.
- · Paint new panels to match existing.

Original Contract Sum was: \$2,660.67

We propose hereby to <u>furnish material</u> and labor complete in accordance with above specifications, for the sum of:\$1,377.11

Price to be added to original contract amount and will be due upon completion.

All material is guaranteed to be as specified. All work to be completed in a workmanlike manner according to standard practices. Any alteration or deviation from the above specifications involving extra costs will be executed only upon written orders and will become an extra charge over and above the estimate. All agreements contingent upon strikes, accidents or delays beyond our control. Owner will carry fire, tornado and other necessary insurance. Our workers are fully covered by Workman's Compensation Insurance.

Authorized Signature:

Note: This proposal may be withdrawn by us if not accepted within 30 days.

ACCEPTANCE OF PROPOSAL- The above specifications and conditions are satisfactory and are hereby accepted. You are authorized to do the work as specified.

Payment will be made as outlined above.

Signature:

Date of Acceptance:



Payment Receipt

Redmond Construction LLC 5902 Highway 95 Unit 118 Fort Mohave, AZ 86426 2h 3/3

Received From:

17-112 - 1803 Lipan Cir., FM - Knight Nancy Knight 42650 Knight Drive Murrieta, CA 92562

Date Received

02/07/2018

Payment Method

Check

Check/Ref. No.

3196

Payment Amount \$1,422.32

Invoices Paid

Date	Number	Amount Applied
02/07/2018	17-112-2	-\$1,422.32

2 sections of 1795 Lipa-Circle Tearyand Wall restoration for my violens

Exhibit 8i T&M permit wall

· 2005 Solid - Rail Wall Drains Port-03746 1 Project a Charles Permits System 1970 # of more as any estimation com-FUP Permit#: A POMERROUSE SECTION IS BIHLD Permit#: 20NK Permit a (75.18 $\omega^{a^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ and it is LIPAN CIRCLE JUN 0 8 2005 LOT FROM Street Address: 1803 LIPAN CIRCLE Subdivision: PEGERT LAKES GOLF COURSE & EGTATES Unit #: Tract: 4163 Block: "B" but: 889 Assessor's Parcel Number: 226 .23 . 009 A s of Property Liverent Installer

Exhibit 9
Ball netting

Community Bugle

From:

"Craig" <craig@redmond-az.com>

Date:

Wednesday, October 14, 2015 7:12 AM

To: Subject: "'Nancy Knight" <nancyknight@frontier.com>
RE: Demo bid

Yes. Sorry I wasn't more specific.

From: Nancy Knight [mailto:nancyknight@frontier.com]

Sent: Tuesday, October 13, 2015 3:52 PM **To:** Craig craig@redmond-az.com

Subject: Re: Demo bid

Bill understood - it is the chain link so you can work.

Thank you

From: Craig

Sent: Tuesday, October 13, 2015 3:40 PM

To: 'Nancy Knight'
Subject: RE: Demo bid

It's for the ball netting.

From: Nancy Knight [mailto:nancyknight@frontier.com]

Sent: Tuesday, October 13, 2015 3:28 PM **To:** Craig <<u>craig@redmond-az.com</u>>

Subject: Re: Demo bid

Thank you so much. We go to the courthouse tomorrow. Can you explain the one line item that reads detach and reset fence

fabric

Nancy

From: Craig

Sent: Tuesday, October 13, 2015 2:30 PM

To: nancyknight@frontier.com

Subject: Demo bid

Attached is the bid for demo and cap on your north wall.



Exhibit 9a McKee Applications - P&Z SD/R 20 5 20 (2 homes)

Don't Mokee

1/2 (9a)

Mailing Address: DEPARTMENT NAME P.O. Box 7000, Kingman, AZ 86402-7000

Mohave County	Date 6/23//
Permit Application Worksheet	Project #
Residential	20 2 15 88/ Blass Blass
Residential	Permit 10 2015 - 801
PLOT PLANS MUST BE NO LARGE	
NOTE: Shaded areas are for c	ounty use only.
Type of Improvement: Single Family Dwelling	
2. Applicant's name: <u>Grand Canyon Dev.</u>	9.00
Mailing address: PO Box 11217	00.107
City: Ft. Mohave State: AZ Zip: 2A. Contact Name: Doug PHONE: 928	86427
2A. Contact Name: Doug PHONE: 928 Fax Number: Email: tache66@gmail	8-444-7589
B. Property Owners Name: Kirk/Carolyn Larson and Boulder Land Dev. L	l.com
Mailing Address: 1001 Providence Ln.	<u>.LU</u>
	89005-4203
Fax Number: Email:	00000 1200
I. SITE LOCATION ADDRESS: 1934 E. Desert	Dr. 5002 2 /nm
House No Street Dir Street No. Legal Description:	Jame: 10 10 00
	Dr. 50% 3,000 Parent Parcel: □ Yes Corner Lot: □ Yes □ 11 5FR 2,3528
Assessor Parcel Number: 2 2 6 - 1 3 - 1 8 8	Parent Parcel: Yes O. O. O.
Subdivision Name: Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates (Corner Lot U Yes SER 2 352A
Unit/Fract/Block/Lot: 4076-B 1 Township/Range/Section: 19N 22W Plot Plan Drawing (see instructions on plot plan form) Cont6000s	35
6. Plot Plan Drawing (see instructions on plot plan form) Cont6000:	SfAcres
	Trees.
Public Works, Flood Control Division	FLOOD
7. Is there an existing structure? YES YES NO	FLOOD \$
7A. Previous PFI#: Previous FUP#:	
Environmental Health Division	
R. Is this an existing system?	Number of bedrooms:
3A. Is this a Conventional Septic? \square YES \square NO. Alternative System? \square N	YES 🔲 NO
O. Septic Tank Size: Manufacturer:	Number of fixture units:
0. Septic Tank Size: Manufacturer: 0. Septic Contractor: License #: Or Owner / Builder:	
1. Water Source:	
Planning & Zoning Division (N) S. Harlet (1)	2
Planning & Zoning Division SDM Subballs: 2052	ZONING \$
3. Mobile Home Information:	
Make: Size: of beds: Year:	BLDG \$
State #: HUD #: Address:	
License #: Address: Address:	P/C \$
Phone:	AUTOMATION
	AUTOMATION
5. Sanitation: Sewer Septic Septic Permit #:	FEE \$
5. Sanitation: Sewer Septic Septic Septic Permit #:	
 5. Sanitation: Sewer Septic Septic	103718 OTHER \$
5. Sanitation: Sewer □ Septic Septic Septic Semit#: Contractor Information (Names & License #'s) General Contractor: Grand Canyon Dev. License #: Electrical Contractor: License #: Plumbing Contractor: License #:	OTHER \$
5. Sanitation: Sewer Septic Septic Septic Seminarion Sewer Septic Septic Septic Seminarion Sewer Septic Sep	OTHER \$
16. Contractor Information (Names & License #'s) - General Contractor: Grand Canyon Dev. License #: - Electrical Contractor: License #: - Plumbing Contractor: License #:	103718 OTHER \$
5. Sanitation: Sewer Septic Septic Septic Seminarion Sewer Septic Septic Septic Seminarion Sewer Septic Sep	OTHER \$

Note: Must provide construction drawings for Development Services application (Residential – 2 complete sets)

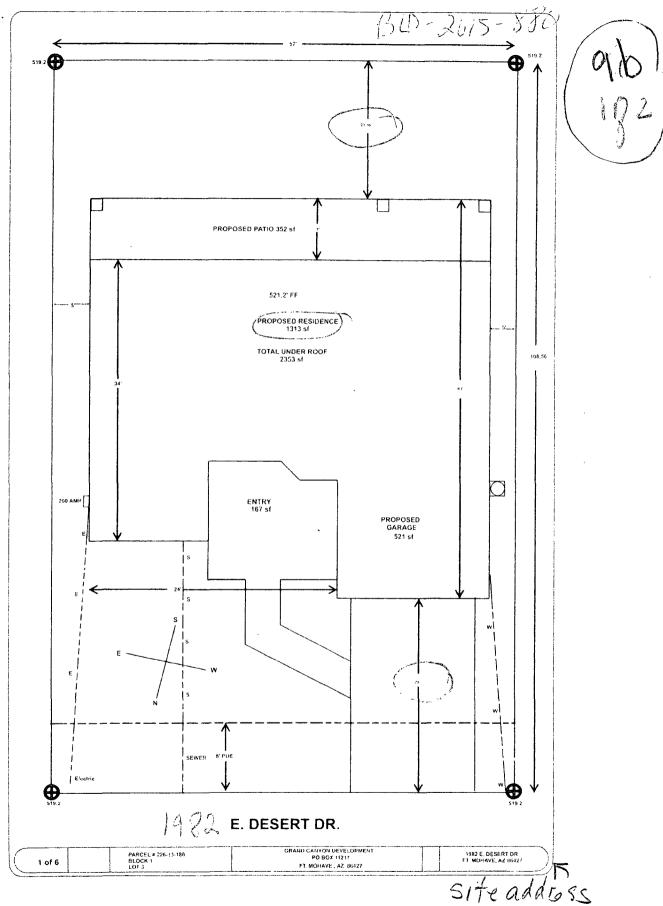
20/2 (99)

Mailing Address: DEPARTMENT NAME P.O. Box 7000, Kingman, AZ 86402-7000

1	Date (1/22//5) COUNTY
	Project #
PLOT PLANS MUST BE NO LARGER T NOTE: Shaded areas are for county	
1. Type of Improvement: Single Family Dwelling 2. Applicant's name: Grand Canyon Dev. Mailing address: PO Box 11217 City: Ft. Mohave State: AZ Zip: 86 2A. Contact Name: Doug PHONE: 928-444 Fax Number: Email: tache66@gmail.com 3. Property Owners Name: Kirk/Carolyn Larson and Currivan Robert DMD Mailing Address: 2042 E. Mountain View Loop. City: Ft. Mohave State: AZ Zip: 8642	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Fax Number: Email: currwest@hotmail.ct 4. SITE LOCATION ADDRESS: 1982 E. Desert Dr. House No Street Dir Street Name: Legal Description: Assessor Parcel Number: 2 2 6 1 3 - 1 8 0 Parent Subdivision Name: Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates Corner Unit/Tract/Block/Lot: 4076-B 1 Township/Range/Section: 19N 22W 3: 6. Plot Plan Drawing (see instructions on plot plan form) Cont 6188 sf Acree	50% = 3,093.96 Parcel: □ Yes (Lot: □ Yes)
Public Works, Flood Control Division 7. Is there an existing structure? YES X NO 7A. Previous PFI#: Previous FUP#:	,
Environmental Health Division 8. Is this an existing system?	Number of bedrooms:
Planning & Zoning Division 12. Zoning: 13. Mobile Home Information: Make: Size: of beds: Year: State #: HUD #: Address: Phone: 14. Water Source: Utilities Inc. 15. Sanitation: Sewer Septic [Septic Permit #: 1	BLDG \$ P/C \$ AUTOMATION FEE \$ OTHER \$ SUB-TOTAL \$ Dipis/t TOTAL \$ (540.00)
	BAL DUE \$

Note: Must provide construction drawings for Development Services application (Residential – 2 complete sets)

Exhibit 9b McKee's Plot Plans – 1934 and 1982 E. Desert Dr. -2pgs



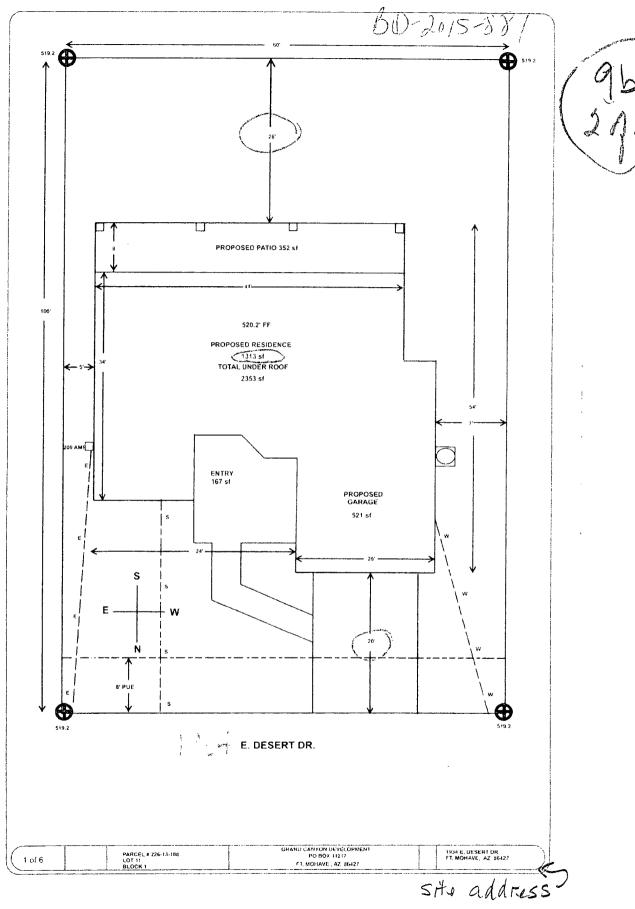


Exhibit 10

Email Regarding Settlement Conference

Nancy Personal Mail

From: "Nancy Personal Mail" <nancy@thebugle.com>

Date: Saturday, September 29, 2018 4:51 AM

To: <djolaw@frontiernet.net>

Subject: Informal Settlement Conference Information - Knight vs Ludwig et al

(10)

Dear Misters Ludwig and Azarmi,

Real estate professionals have noticed that we have an ongoing deterioration of our community due to violations of our CC&Rs. As you are most likely aware, the lot on which the home you now have under construction on Lipan Blvd sold for a mere \$10,000. Far below the expected market value of \$30k - according to the listing agent for the lot.

As property owners yourselves, and in the interest of preserving the intended aesthetic characteristics of our Desert Lakes community, I am hoping you would be agreeable to joining with me for enforcement of our CC&Rs and in an amiable settlement to this case number CV 2018-04003.

Details of violations:

Let me begin with a possible remedy for your setback violations. The Tribal Council has land (parcels adjacent to our lots that are not buildable but could be utilized to increase our lot depths under a 500-600 square foot purchase at approximately \$1000 per sale. The golf course would benefit with resources that could be utilized to improve their golf course investment that is also deteriorating aesthetically. They are losing golfers due to the greens and no doubt the appearance of surrounding community. As a major developer and engineering firm with connections with Mohave County Development Services, you have the ability to get lot line adjustments at no cost and the resources to have your surveyors set boundary pegs at minimal cost on your lots and mine. We could propose that fencing design would be strictly five foot high non-climbable steel rail for those who take advantage of this extended lot offer from the Tribal Council. I have already sent a proposal to the Chairman of the Tribal Council for my request to purchase approx. 600 square feet; however, I do not know yet if they are considering my proposal. A second request by Fairway Constructors Inc. could move the Council's consideration forward. My rationale for the request goes beyond a partial minor setback violation by my builder. We can discuss this if you are willing to attempt to get approvals for increasing the depth of lots adjacent to the golf course from the Tribal Council that could include Mr. Robert's lot and relieve them of any future law suit from someone in their Tract.

On other matters of concern for the protection of your investment and mine in this community are wooden fences, RVs and Boats in driveways, and gate access to the golf course that is a detriment to the Tribal Council's business and a detriment of peace and privacy for property owners after the course closes in the evening.

With your HOA experience in enforcing violations within your subdivision of Fairway Estates in Desert Lakes Tract 4076-A, I am proposing your Corporation's joining with me for an Unincorporated Association for the strict purpose of enforcement in all Tracts. My mass mailed letter to Desert Lakes property owners some time ago resulted in volunteers to serve. It is my understanding that if a courtesy letter to remedy a violation is ignored and a law suit is filed, that the identity of all of the members of an unincorporated association is not required to be divulged therefore volunteers' identities are protected from retaliation by disgruntled neighbors. I can serve as secretary sending letters on your letterhead if you wish. One such sample letter content is available if you are inclined to help in this way.

Please drive the neighborhood and notice all of the wooden fences that are now popping up in the Tracts. This is a serious violation of our CC&Rs. I have witnessed many of these fences in your Tract 4076-A and in our Tract 4076-B. I do not drive all of the Tracts to know how extensive these violations are becoming but in my opinion they are a detriment to the beauty that was intended for Desert Lakes and as these fences deteriorate under weather conditions or sprinklers from the golf course, their appearance will only worsen.

Exposed Boats and RVs is also prevalent.

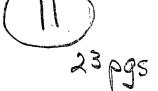
As far as your business signs go, a small extension stating "For Sale" would suffice at minimal cost to you. And under the law, For Sale, For Rent, and For Lease, could provide undeveloped lot owners with the ability to rent their lot for parking vehicles and if they choose to fence their lot with screening they could also rent the lot for RV or Boats to help out their neighbors. Most of these lot owners purchased the lots at a high price and may welcome the opportunity to pay for the taxes on their lots until the cold marketing climate improves here

These are just a few suggestions for an amiable settlement to this entire matter. Hopefully, you recognize that your investment here is also at risk if we do not attempt to enforce CC&R violations.

Plaintiff's Response to Defendants' Statement of the Case

Exhibit 11

Oral Argument Transcript – Part 1 23pgs



IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MOHAVE

NANCY KNIGHT,

PLAINTIFF,

OCASE No. CV-2018-04003

and

ORAL ARGUMENT

GLEN LUDWIG and PEARL LUDWIG,

Trustees of THE LUDWIG FAMILY

TRUST; FAIRWAY CONSTRUCTORS, INC.;

MEHDI AZARMI; JAMES B. ROBERTS and)

DONNA M. ROBERTS, husband and wife;)

JOHN DOES 1-10; JANE DOES 1-10;

ABC CORPORATIONS 1-10; and

XYZ PARTNERSHIPS 1-10.

Before the Honorable Derek Carlisle, Judge

Monday, April 2, 2018

2:00 p.m.

Lake Havasu City, Arizona

REPORTER'S PARTIAL TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

Reported by:

Dawn M. Duffey, Registered Professional Reporter, Arizona Certified Court Reporter No. 50039, California Certified

Court Reporter No. 10491, Nevada Certified Court Reporter No. 722, Iowa Certified

Reporter No. 1357

1	APPEARANCES:
2	
3	FOR THE PETITIONER:
4	Pro Per
5	
6	
7	FOR THE RESPONDENT:
8	Daniel Oehler, Esq.
9	DANIEL J. OEHLER LAW OFFICES
10	2001 Highway 95
11	Bullhead City, Arizona 86442
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1	LAKE HAVASU CITY, ARIZONA
2	MONDAY, APRIL 2, 2018
3	2:00 P.M.
4	. * * * *
5	(Whereupon, follows a partial transcript
6	requested by the Plaintiff.)
7	THE COURT: This is CV-2018-4003. This is Nancy
8	Knight, Plaintiff, versus Glen Ludwig, et al., Defendants.
9	This is the time set for oral argument on the Defendant's
10	Motion to Dismiss which the Court is treating as a Motion for
11	Summary Judgment because there were attachments ultimately I
12	think there were attachments for both sides.
13	And I understand that public documents I
14	probably don't need to convert it to a Motion for Summary
15	Judgment. I'm not convinced necessarily that all the documents
16	would have been public documents. Anyway, so I'm treating it
17	as a Motion for Summary Judgment.
18	Show for the record and are you Nancy Knight?
19	THE PLAINTIFF: Yes.
20	THE COURT: the presence of the Plaintiff,
21	Nancy Knight, representing herself. Mr. Oehler is representing
22	the Defendants.
23	And who do you have with you, Mr. Oehler?
24	MR. OEHLER: Your Honor, we have here today Jim
0.5	

and Donna Roberts, the homeowners of the home in question.

- 1 THE COURT: All right. Show for the record the
- 2 presence of two of the Defendants, Jim and Donna Roberts.
- And this is the time set for the argument on the
- 4 Motion for Summary Judgment. I guess I didn't specifically say
- 5 it in the Order that went out. I generally give people ten
- 6 minutes per side to argue a case. That's basically how much
- 7 time we have on the local rules.
- Because it's your Motion to Dismiss, I will let
- 9 you go first and last. So I don't know if you want me to give
- 10 you your full ten minutes at this point or just to let you know
- 11 when eight minutes have gone by or how you want to approach
- 12 that, Mr. Oehler.
- MR. OEHLER: Thank you, Your Honor.
- I think I'll probably just spend a minute or two
- 15 and the balance of the time for the reply --
- 16 THE COURT: All right.
- 17 MR. OEHLER: -- if that pleases the Court.
- 18 Your Honor, thank you very much. Again, we are
- 19 here representing all of the Defendants, including, of course,
- 20 the homeowners, Mr. and Mrs. Roberts.
- Your Honor, the Roberts' home was constructed I
- 22 believe in 2016. They, I think, took occupancy in about the
- 23 middle of 2016. Their home clearly and unarguably is located
- 24 in what we call A Tract, Tract 4076-A.
- The single issue that is before the Court today

- 1 is whether or not the Plaintiff has standing to bring this
- 2 litigation. I think it is unarguable and there is certainly
- 3 nothing before the Court that would indicate otherwise that
- 4 Ms. Knight and her husband own a property in a completely
- 5 different tract, a completely different subdivision than that
- 6 in which the Roberts and the other Defendants are involved.
- We are not here today, Your Honor, or this
- 8 afternoon to discuss whether or not there are a multitude of
- 9 violations that create the declaration in question -- or
- 10 declarations in question to be voidable.
- 11 We are here exclusively to review and contest
- 12 whether or not Mrs. Knight living in a subdivision that was
- 13 created about 12 years or thereabouts, I believe it was after
- 14 the 4076-A Tract was -- was built, has standing to argue that
- 15 the Roberts' property has any impact whatsoever or that she has
- 16 any right to argue what is happening in a tract that was
- 17 created a multitude of years prior to the property and the
- 18 subdivision, the separate tract, separate subdivision, in which
- 19 Mrs. Knight and her husband live.
- 20 These are not properties that -- that adjoin one
- 21 another. I don't believe that Mrs. Knight can even see the
- 22 project that my clients reside in. Similarly, Your Honor,
- 23 we're not here to discuss or take exception to the fact that
- 24 the timing of Mrs. Knight's request to have my clients' house
- 25 dismantled or torn down is relevant, germane, or can be

- 1 enforced or would be enforced under Arizona law.
- 2 Again, issue being whether or not Mrs. Knight
- 3 has any appropriate and proper standing before this Court to
- 4 attempt to enforce the subdivision restrictions of a completely
- 5 separate subdivision from the one in which she resides.
- 6 THE COURT: All right. And do you have any
- 7 disagreement that the tract that she lives in which is now
- 8 numbered apparently 4163 was previously a part of 4076-B?
- 9 Not -- and I'm not saying A. I'm saying that it was previously
- 10 a part of 4076-B.
- MR. OEHLER: It absolutely was, Your Honor. It
- 12 was a separate parcel -- a separate parcel in the B Tract. And
- 13 that particular parcel in the B Tract, when the Court as I'm
- 14 sure it already has reviews the CC&Rs for the B Tract will find
- 15 that there are no setback requirements of any type whatsoever
- 16 referring to the parcel that ultimately was sold, I think,
- 17 either to two or three times prior to the final purchaser who
- 18 developed T & M Ranching I believe it was, that developed the
- 19 parcel in 2002 or 2004, whatever it was.
- 20 My point there being, Your Honor, there have
- 21 never been -- there has never been in any subdivision with
- 22 which we're dealing, any front or side setback requirements for
- 23 the -- for the property in which Mrs. Knight now resides, a
- 24 different contractor, a different developer, a project that has
- 25 no CC&Rs whatsoever.

1 In other words, T & M when they resubdivided 2 this parcel that was originally in the B Tract did not record any Codes, Covenants, or Restrictions. You know, Your Honor, 3 and I apologize for taking this much time at the opening, but, 5 you know, if in fact the Court is concerned with the fact that Mrs. Knight resides in a tract on a parcel of ground that was 6 7 involved in the B Tract, not the A Tract, but the B Tract, I 8 would point out, Your Honor, that perhaps what the Court needs 9 to do upon application being delivered to the Court is wipe out 10 all of the single-family residences in the tract that 11 Mrs. Knight currently resides in, because the B Tract, of 12 course, Your Honor, no restrictions whatsoever as far as side 13 or front setbacks for this parcel, but what it did say is that 14 it was reserved for multi-family residential. Mrs. Knight does 15 not live in a multi-family residential tract, rather it was 16 resubdivided by a different owner, by a different developer. 17 So, you know, if you want to take Mrs. Knight's 18 argument to this Court into heart, then, in fact, the entire tract in which she resides is a violation of the CC&Rs. 19 20 of course, I suppose according to the Knight theory, her house 21 and all her neighbors, just like my clients' house, needs to be 22 torn down because it's not a multi-family residential property. 23 Indeed, Your Honor, that argument is just fallacious. 24 We're dealing with an original B Tract property

that was sold in bulk and resubdivided. Even if you want to

- 1 utilize the B Tract CC&Rs, Your Honor, even if the Court
- 2 chooses to do that, use the front and side setbacks that are
- 3 set forth in the B Tract for this particular parcel and you'll
- 4 find there is no restriction whatsoever.
- 5 My point being, Your Honor, that -- that these
- 6 are separate projects developed by separate developers at
- 7 separate times, and every one of the Desert Lakes tracts have
- 8 their own Codes, Covenants, and Restrictions, every one of
- 9 them.
- 10 And the law that I cited to the Court in my
- 11 reply memorandum from multiple jurisdictions generally
- 12 utilizing the restatement third clearly indicate that unless
- 13 they're -- unless one can prove that there is a common scheme
- 14 by common developers, then the person in Ms. Knight's position
- does not have standing to argue what the neighboring
- 16 subdivision can or cannot do.
- To enforce, which is the case here,
- 18 Mrs. Knight's effort to force down a separate tract developed
- 19 by a different developer at a different point in time with its
- 20 own CC&Rs, those are the litmus tests that are used. And in
- 21 each instance, Your Honor, we have a separate developer, a
- 22 separate tract, separately identified even though it came out
- 23 of one property, each of which has its own separately recorded
- 24 Codes, Covenants, and Restrictions. Those are the tests that
- 25 are used, and those tests fail when they are imposed or

- 1 attempted to be imposed by Mrs. Knight.
- Thank you.
- 3 THE COURT: All right. And you ended up using
- 4 most of your time. You only have about a minute left, so --
- 5 MR. OEHLER: Thank you, Judge.
- 6 THE COURT: All right. Ms. Knight, you get to
- 7 use all your time at once, so --
- 8 THE PLAINTIFF: And I'd like to say I hate to
- 9 feel railroaded, but I -- I brought -- I did a lot of research.
- 10 Thank you for this chance for oral arguments, and, however, the
- 11 time is so limited.
- I did a lot of research to get more documents
- 13 available for you to look at. The original developer, I got
- 14 his original A.D.R.E. reports, and I got more -- I got -- I
- ordered from the recorder more of the CC&Rs for all the tracts,
- 16 so we've got all -- there are six tracts and seven -- no, seven
- 17 tracts and six versions of the CC&Rs, but it's a main
- 18 boilerplate for all of them with just a little bit of specifics
- 19 for -- within a tract if they had flooding issues or drainage
- 20 issues, whoever would purchase those particular lots had to be
- 21 informed of that.
- 22 Anyway, I put together -- I've got this whole
- 23 packet of exhibits for you, and my oral arguments, and my list
- 24 of exhibits. I didn't know how to file it with the Court, but
- 25 I have this available for you to look at, and I'll try to get

- 1 through my oral arguments.
- There is something in the CC&Rs on the last page
- 3 of every one of them, the grammatical change argument. And, by
- 4 the way, this is a single 300-acre development, Desert Lakes
- 5 Golf Course and Estates, AKA is written in many of the
- 6 documents that -- and the county calls it the Desert Lakes
- 7 Subdivision. Everybody calls it the subdivision. We didn't
- 8 purchase something in a tract to be isolated from the whole
- 9 project.
- 10 We -- and the golf course -- the original
- 11 4076-A had a golf course, a clubhouse, and sewage treatment
- 12 plant all included in that original tract. That -- and we were
- 13 all connected to that same -- all those lots were connected to
- 14 that same sewer. That makes it one uniform development.
- 15 And we should be looking at it -- the last page,
- 16 and I want to get to it because I might run out of time, the
- 17 grammatical change argument. In all the recorded CC&Rs,
- 18 declarations, whether cited in provision 21 or 22 -- because
- 19 one of the documents had an extra paragraph that had to be
- 20 included.
- 21 So it states "the singular wherever used herein
- 22 shall be construed to mean the plural when applicable and" --
- 23 this is important -- "the necessary grammatical changes
- 24 required to make the provisions hereof apply either to
- 25 corporations or individuals, men or women, shall in all cases

- be assumed as though in each case fully expressed."
- 2 That was the portion of the -- to prevent what
- 3 happened for whoever that was that -- the 1961 case that he
- 4 cited where that poor women is sitting with a -- she -- she
- 5 assumed everyone's got a five-foot setback and the Court said,
- 6 no, you're in two different tracts within this one subdivision,
- 7 that case that he brought up, this part of our CC&Rs prevents
- 8 that from happening to us.
- 9 In all cases -- you shall in all cases assume
- 10 that it's fully expressed that this -- this whole subdivision,
- 11 the Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates Subdivision, comes
- 12 under these CC&Rs. And I brought case law that I was gonna if
- 13 I had if time to read it all to you. And with limited time, I
- 14 can't go through my whole thing, but let me -- let me find my
- 15 case law.
- And, by the way, an interest of a higher
- 17 authority had me advise this case. It's not just me. This is
- 18 not self-serving motive at all. The Attorney General's Office
- 19 was interested in it. They advanced it to their special
- 20 investigations section, and that -- it even went to the F.B.I.
- 21 So -- and I've got -- I brought some emails, this packet if you
- 22 wanted to have a look at it maybe when there's time just to
- 23 prove that I'm not lying. So the -- I'm looking for the law.
- Oh, the master planned community, he argued
- 25 that. He brought up some -- some law about planned community.

- 1 No, we are not a planned community. We are a master planned
- 2 community, and it wasn't just T & M that called it that.
- 3 Mr. Angelo Rinauldi (phonetic) who is a main player in this
- 4 whole development, he was -- he was there from the start, he
- 5 was appointed to the architectural control committee, he was --
- 6 he's cited in every one of our CC&Rs, and he even purchased a
- 7 small section of another subdivision, Mohave Mesa Acres, and
- 8 adjoined a few lots into the Golf Course and Estates. And in
- 9 his A.D.R.E. reports he says it's a master planned community.
- 10 So I just want to make that clear.
- Because some of the law that I was going to --
- 12 if I can find it quickly, law argument. Okay.
- 13 Leonard (phonetic) -- Leonard (phonetic) v. Jet Homes, it is
- 14 cited, where restrictive covenants are imposed upon an area
- 15 included within a single subdivision or plan of development,
- 16 and that's what we've got, a single plan of development,
- 17 300 acres with a golf course in the middle, a clubhouse, and a
- 18 sewer treatment plant -- the restrictions are characterized as
- 19 real rights running with the land and not merely rights
- 20 personal to the vendor. They inure to the benefit and are
- 21 consequently enforceable by all other grantees of property in
- 22 the subdivision in which come under the same plan of
- 23 development. Every one of our homes are under the same plan of
- 24 development. So that was cited in that part that he didn't
- 25 cite for you in his arguments.

- 1 Determining what constitutes a general plan of
- 2 development creating these reciprocal rights and what area is
- 3 included therein, certain standards are applied among which
- 4 are that an intent on the part of the original grantor -- which
- 5 is that original developer, and you will see he's called --
- 6 he's called a developer in his A.D.R.E. reports -- to establish
- 7 such a plan must be found from either his language or
- 8 conduct -- you can see from the CC&Rs one boilerplate was used
- 9 for the whole thing -- and the area covered by the scheme must
- 10 be described so as to clearly be ascertainable.
- So my comment in here, the area covered by the
- 12 scheme is the entire area surrounding the developer's golf
- 13 course. It's easily ascertainable that AKA Desert Lakes Golf
- 14 Course and Estates, had an established plan, especially
- 15 considering it even had its own sewage plant. There was not a
- 16 separate and distinct plan for each of the tracts.
- The master plan is a single plan of development
- 18 that was designed by the subdivider of lots and parcels in the
- 19 various tracts and who was the original developer, which -- and
- 20 it's Desert Lakes Development, L.P., Limited Partnership. The
- 21 remedy of one grantee to -- this is another part of law -- one
- 22 grantee to prevent a violation of or to enforce compliance with
- 23 the restrictions by another is by injunction.
- 24 And I'm saying the Defendants have thumbed their
- 25 noses -- Medhi isn't here, especially Medhi -- thumbed their

- 1 noses at their contract and at the rights of every property
- 2 owner coming under the same plan of development within Desert
- 3 Lakes Golf Course and Estates Subdivision, enforcement of the
- 4 restrictions and remedies by injunction is essential to
- 5 justice.
- As was said in Murphy v. Marino -- I'll give you
- 7 the scripts so you can see one section of the law -- in order
- 8 to create a binding covenant running with the land in a
- 9 subdivision which is enforceable by any purchaser of a property
- 10 therein, there should be a uniform plan of restriction
- 11 applicable to the subdivision as a whole or to a particular
- 12 part known to each purchaser and thereby by reference or by
- implication forming a part of his contract with the subdivider.
- 14 The uniform plan of restriction -- restrictions
- 15 which are pertinent parts of this matter at hand and are
- 16 applicable to the Desert Lake Golf and Estates master planned
- 17 subdivision as a whole is for the 20-foot regular setbacks and
- 18 no signage on unimproved lots.
- These and many other uniform plans of
- 20 restrictions are applicable to the Desert Lakes Subdivision as
- 21 a whole, such as the life of the document and perpetuity,
- 22 invalidations by a Court Order, consequences for violations or
- 23 attempted or threatened violations -- which is another thing
- 24 that Medhi did -- conflicts with zoning ordinances, and the
- 25 very important last provision which I stated before, the

- 1 necessary grammatical change were all specified uniformly
- 2 throughout the five tract versions of the CC&Rs and therefore
- 3 applied to the entire Desert Lakes master planned subdivision
- 4 as a whole.
- I don't know if I -- I can't get through all of
- 6 my pages because I know it took me an hour and a half to read
- 7 it to my husband and you only gave us 30 minutes.
- We couldn't have a continuance, could we maybe?
- 9 THE COURT: (Shakes head.)
- THE PLAINTIFF: No. Okay. So let's see. Where
- 11 these principals must be applied to determine one's right to
- 12 enforce a covenant it becomes --
- 13 THE COURT REPORTER: You are going to have to
- 14 slow down. I know you are limited on time, but I can't keep
- 15 up. I apologize.
- THE PLAINTIFF: I can give you the script, you
- 17 know, I've got it.
- 18 THE COURT REPORTER: If you could just try
- 19 again, please.
- 20 THE PLAINTIFF: From the law of property where a
- 21 tract of land is subdivided into lots and burdened with
- 22 restrictive covenants, real rights are created running with the
- 23 land in favor of each and all of the grantees.
- 24 The basis of the creation of this right is the
- 25 mutuality of burden and the mutuality of benefit as between the

- 1 grantees arising out of the imposition of such restrictions on
- 2 the land itself. This mutuality of burden and benefit
- 3 constitutes reciprocal promises between the grantees each
- 4 supported by that of the other. The --
- 5 THE COURT: All right. Sorry to interrupt,
- 6 Ms. Knight. You've used up your time. And I know that
- 7 Mr. Oehler used more of his time than he anticipated. I do
- 8 have another hearing. I can probably give you each another
- 9 five minutes if you want.
- 10 Mr. Oehler, do you have any objection to that?
- MR. OEHLER: No, Your Honor.
- 12 THE COURT: All right. I'll give you five more
- 13 minutes so -- but I'm not gonna go beyond the five minutes.
- 14 THE PLAINTIFF: Just one question.
- 15 May I give you the evidence and the script
- 16 maybe?
- 17 THE COURT: Generally, even on a Motion to
- 18 Dismiss --
- 19 THE PLAINTIFF: A Summary Judgment where we
- 20 could, you know, written, but you said it was oral, so I
- 21 prepared this. I did all that research.
- THE COURT: Generally on a Motion to Dismiss I
- 23 wouldn't consider any evidence. On a Motion for Summary
- 24 Judgment I would consider the evidence that's submitted with
- 25 the pleadings. So either way, even if I granted oral argument,

- 1 I'm not generally going to consider additional evidence. So if
- 2 you -- so, no, I guess would be the short answer.
- 3 THE PLAINTIFF: I guess you get a minute.
- 4 THE COURT: You've got five more minutes, so --
- 5 THE PLAINTIFF: I have five more?
- THE COURT: Yeah.
- 7 THE PLAINTIFF: Oh. Okay. And thus far the
- 8 Defendant's motion has avoided the critical --
- 9 THE COURT REPORTER: I'm not gonna be able to do
- 10 it, five minutes or not.
- THE COURT: Ms. Knight --
- 12 THE PLAINTIFF: I know. I can't speak slow and
- 13 try to get it all in.
- 14 THE COURT: Well, then you need to figure out
- 15 what's the most important things for you to say because --
- 16 THE PLAINTIFF: Okay. The government even
- 17 joindered, in the legal language, 762 of the property owners'
- 18 lots for -- in the Desert -- what they call the Desert Lakes
- 19 Subdivision by a proposed B.O.S. resolutions 2016-125 and
- 20 2016-126.
- So even the government took out the whole Desert
- 22 Lakes Golf Course Estates Community, we're gonna do a B.O.S.
- 23 resolution, and adjoined all of our lots into one what they
- 24 call the Desert Lakes Subdivision and sent out mailing notices.
- 25 I brought -- I brought in all the notices that came to my

- 1 house. I'm part of -- I'm part of the tract, the Desert Lakes
- 2 Golf Course and Estates.
- And I had to argue to get them to deny that
- 4 B.O.S. resolution that was gonna change the setbacks in the
- 5 entire subdivision when most of our lots are already built, and
- 6 it was gonna take the views away from other people which is
- 7 what happened when Mehdi did this with their home and, you
- 8 know -- I'm sorry this happened to you, and I'm not asking to
- 9 tear down the whole house. And there -- there were some --
- 10 there were some options that could happen in mediation that,
- 11 you know, for how they might remedy their problem. They've got
- 12 a problem.
- And if we had to appeal, if I find -- you want
- 14 me to bring in other Plaintiffs that live in 4076-A, you know,
- 15 this could -- this could go on forever, and I don't know. My
- 16 time is almost up. I leave you the floor.
- 17 THE COURT: All right. You still have three
- 18 minutes left if you have anything else you want to say.
- 19 THE PLAINTIFF: Oh, there's lots, but -- so if
- 20 you're not gonna take any more evidence, I mean, the master
- 21 planned subdivision I was gonna show you Rinauldi's (phonetic)
- 22 statement on that. You already know the -- the road
- 23 department, the planning commission, Glen Ludwig's own
- 24 statement that it's a master -- it's a subdivision -- Desert
- 25 Lakes Golf Course and Estates is a subdivision, and that's part

- of your evidence packet, which, by the way, I asked your clerk,
- 2 Mary King, she's not in here, if you had gotten my Plaintiff's
- 3 objections to his evidence offered in reply or something and
- 4 she said, yes, it was on your desk.
- 5 And when you -- when the notice came out for
- 6 this hearing today, this oral arguments, it wasn't among the
- 7 filed documents that you -- so I'm hoping you have this packet
- 8 as well and the evidence that I did submit. It was filed.
- 9 THE COURT: I've considered that.
- 10 THE PLAINTIFF: Okay. Very good. So you've got
- 11 a lot of that. So you've got my title insurance policy that
- 12 shows that I -- I have CC&Rs. They want to argue I have no
- 13 CC&Rs and I have no setback restrictions, that's not true. We
- 14 all -- we all -- every -- every lot has 20-foot front and rear
- 15 setbacks, and that's where, you know, some people want to take
- 16 advantage of other people and break the rules.
- 17 I think I can't -- I can't -- I can't give
- 18 you -- I've got too much here to try to figure out which is
- 19 most important.
- THE COURT: All right. Thank you, Ms. Knight.
- Mr. Oehler, any final argument?
- MR. OEHLER: Briefly, Your Honor.
- I don't think anyone is saying that there are no
- 24 front or side setback requirements. The issue is whether they
- 25 are derivative of the Codes, Covenants, and Restrictions, not

- 1 whether they are derivative of Mohave County setback
- 2 requirements. Of course, Mohave County adjusted the setback
- 3 requirements on the Roberts' home. It went through the hearing
- 4 process and the setbacks were changed to specifically provide
- 5 authority for the Roberts' home as it was built.
- 6 So the argument, Your Honor, is not whether
- 7 there are no setback requirements. The Roberts built their
- 8 home in accordance with the county law. The county grantor
- 9 granted amendment to the then existing county requirement --
- 10 minimum requirements.
- 11 The issue is, Your Honor, whether or not the
- 12 declaration in question can be enforced by this Plaintiff.
- 13 Your Honor, Mrs. Knight is exactly correct, Desert Lakes Tract
- 14 4076-A is a subdivision as is the B Tract, the C Tract, the
- 15 D Tract, the tract in which Mrs. Knight resides.
- 16 The problem, Your Honor, is that each one of
- 17 those subdivisions are a separate subdivision in and of itself
- 18 and that is precisely why each of them with the exception of
- 19 the youngest, the one in which Mrs. Knight resides, has their
- 20 own separate Codes, Covenants, and Restrictions. Every one of
- 21 them do, Your Honor. And I believe there were three or four
- 22 separate owners, separate developers. There is no master set
- 23 of CC&Rs.
- 24 Laughlin Ranch, for instance, and many other
- 25 major subdivisions have an umbrella set of CC&Rs, and then they

- 1 have separate within that master set. That did not occur here.
- 2 We're dealing with independent, independently owned, and
- 3 independently developed subdivisions.
- 4 Mrs. Knight does not live in the A Tract.
- 5 The -- she does not live in the B Tract. She has no standing
- 6 to bring this litigation against my clients. Your Honor, the
- 7 argument that there is one sewer system is, again, simply a red
- 8 herring.
- 9 You know, I would suggest to the Court that
- 10 there is one sewer system in the city of Lake Havasu. At the
- 11 present time there is one sewer system in the city of Bullhead
- 12 City. The fact that there is a single sewer system, even one
- 13 that is privately developed, such as two that my own company
- 14 has developed over the years, because they serve XYZ Tract and
- 15 FGH Tract is irrelevant. It does not bring those subdivisions
- 16 into a master umbrella set of CC&Rs and none was created.
- 17 The law, Your Honor, that we have presented is
- 18 in accordance with the restatement second -- or third, excuse
- 19 me, of property and servitudes, and the Court decisions, even
- 20 though they are not in general from the state of Arizona, all
- 21 clearly specify what it takes for a Plaintiff to bring
- 22 litigation such as that brought by Mrs. Knight, and it gives
- 23 this Court the litmus test of if these elements are present,
- 24 separate CC&Rs, separate developers, separate subdivisions
- 25 developed in separate periods of time, in this case over a

1	12- or 13-year period of time, these were all indications that
2	they are dealt with and to be dealt with separately.
3	And somebody that lives in Subdivision A cannot
4	bring an action to enforce Subdivision A's CC&Rs if they live
5	in Subdivision X, and that's precisely what is before the Court
6	and the only law that has been presented to this Court in
7	regard to the issues before you today.
8	Thank you, Your Honor.
9	(The proceedings were concluded at 2:49 p.m.)
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1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
2	
3	I, Dawn M. Duffey, Official Reporter in the Superior
4	Court of the State of Arizona, in and for the County of Mohave,
5	do hereby certify that I made a shorthand record of the
6	proceedings had at the foregoing entitled cause at the time and
7	place hereinbefore stated;
8	That said record is full, true, and accurate;
9	That the same was thereafter transcribed under my
10	direction; and
11	That the foregoing (22) typewritten pages constitute
12	a full, true, and accurate transcript of said record, all to
13	the best of my knowledge and ability.
. 14	Dated at Lake Havasu City, Arizona, this 3rd day of
15	April 2019.
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	Dawn M. Duffey, Registered Professional
23	Reporter, Arizona Certified Reporter No. 50039, California Certified Reporter No. 10491, Novada Certified Reporter No. 732
24	10491, Nevada Certified Reporter No. 722 Iowa Certified Reporter No. 1357
25	

Exhibit 12 Email_ParcelVV_Robert Taylor_RFPI_Dec2019 2pgs

nancyknight

From: "nancyknight" <nancyknight@frontier.com>

Date: Sunday, December 22, 2019 7:11 AM
To: "Robert Taylor" <Robert Taylor@mohavecountv.us>

Cc: <a href="mailto:suss-rights-suss-right

Attach: RFPI_Parcel VV_lot size_SD setback.pdf.

Subject: Unanswered Question on RFPl Sent Aug 2018 additional question on Subdivision Regs. Not followed

Hello Robert,

This was sent to Dev. Serv. prior to your being assigned to all future RFPIs from me.

Please help me understand what happened to my neighborhood for less that the 6,000 sq. ft. lot sizes and setbacks that did not conform to the approved and clarified SD/R zoning (Res. 93-122) for all lots in Desert Lakes.

Why didn't the 1991 Drainage Study for Parcel VV in Tract 4076-B prompt denial for 32 lots that should have been divided into only 23 lots so all of the problems we face today could have been avoided?

Can you answer the following too or if not without another RFPI, let me know and I will create one.

Also, why do we have homes with direct access to Lipan Blvd. in violation of the Subdivision Regulation for the need of a Frontage Rd. for vehicle access to an arterial road?

This Subdivision Regulation was followed for Desert Lakes Tract 4076-D. It was not followed for Tract 4163 nor for the homes in Tract 4076-B with direct access to Lipan Blvd..

We have a mess here!

Nancy

1/2





MOHAVE COUNTY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

P. O. Box 7000 Kingman, Arizona 86402-7000 | 3250 E. Kino Ave, Kingman | www.mohavecounty.us | Telephone (928) 757-0903 | FAX (928) 757-3577

Timothy M. Walsh, Jr., P.E. Department Director

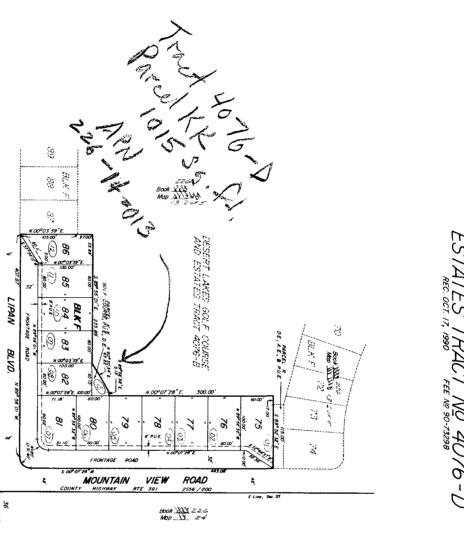
Michael P. Hendrix, P.E. County Administrator

PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST FORM

I would like to request a copy of the following documentation (be specific) from the Mohave County Development Services Department pursuant to A.R.S. 39-121.01:

Development Services [Department pursuant to A.R.S	. 39-121.01.		•
Why was Pa	reel VV, in Dese	rt Lakes G		e and
Estates T	ract 4076 esta	Bushed in	188 With 9	Minimum
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and a	10 ft rear your	d Sexback	2 R. 6. 93	122 4 ALL L
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	121.03A you must declare if the	ne documentation pro	vided to you will be	e used for
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Legify that the informa	tion provided is true and corre	ect Lunderstand ther	e will be a charge	of 25 cents per
	items (i.e. maps, plans, etc.			
documents, and an add	litional charge for postage w	hen applicable. I ag	ree to pay the fe	e or deposit for
these records (A.R.S. 39		•	, ,	,
	Mara V.			
Printed/Typed Name:	NANCY KNIGH	T		
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Signature:	Manay Kmy	100ay S Da	ale. 8-18	2017
Contact Information:	Phone: 928 - 769	5-1537		
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	First Milhaus	7 7 8	26 426	
After completing form, s	ign and send to P.O. Box 700	0, Kingman, AZ 8640	12-7000	
	Development Services, There	sa Shell, Office Super	visor	*
(email: theresa.shell@m	ohavecounty.us)			
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Approved: [] Yes	BE COMPLETED BY DEVELOR	PMENT SERVICES DEF	ZARIMENI	
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DESERT LAKES GOLF COURSE AM ESTATES TRACT NO 4076-D



P (D)

Code 1621

BOOK 226 MAP 14

OLD BOOK 223 MAP 67

SCALE 1"= 100'

Map 223

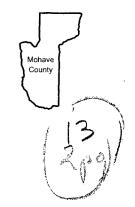
19N., 22W. 35

MOHAVE COUNTY ASSESSOR'S MAP



MOHAVE COUNTY 2019 PROPERTY TAX STATEMENT

Cindy Landa Cox, MBA, Treasurer (928) 753-0737



AMERICAN GOLF CORPORATION C/O EPROPERTY TAX DEPT 359 450 S ORANGE AVE ORLANDO, FL 32801 Assessor Description: Section: 35 Township: 19N Range: 22W DESERT LAKES GOLF COURSE & ESTATES TRACT 4076D PARCEL K-K CONT 1015 SQ FT Situs Address:

THIS PROPERTY HAS DELINQUENT TAXES OWING CALL 928-753-0737 IMMEDIATELY AND SELECT OPTION 4 FOR AMOUNT PAST DUE

TREASURY ACCOUNT#	PARCEL#		AX REA	TAX	RATE PER	\$100 ASSES	SED VALUE
R0107466	22614013	3 1	621	12.	7357		
.3 8.8 17 ASSESSMENT		VALUE IN DOLLARS	LEGAL CLASS ASSMT%	ASSESSED VALUE	EXEMPT AMOUNT	TAX RATE	TAX
TAXABLE PROPER	RTY VALUE	500	15.0	75	0	12.7357	9.56
TAXABLE PERSON	IAL PROP VALUE	0	0.0	0	0	12.2357	0.00
TAXABLE PROPERTY VALUE TOTAL		500		75	0		\$9.56
2018 TAXES	2019 TAXIN	G AUTHORIT	Υ	Р	HONE #'S		% of TAX
1.47	1.47 MOHA	VE COUNTY		(9	28) 753-073	5	14.79%

% of TA	PHONE #'S	TAXING AUTHORITY	2019 TAXES	2018 TAXES
14.79	(928) 753-0735	MOHAVE COUNTY	1.47	1.47
3.42	(928) 753-5678	STATE SCHOOL TAX EQUALIZATION	0.34	0.36
15.09	(928) 768-2507	MOHAVE VALLEY SD #16	1.50	1.63
14.29	(928) 788-1405	COLORADO RÍVER UNION HS #2	1.42	1.51
9.96	(928) 757-4331	MOHAVE COMMUNITY COLLEGE	0.99	1.01
24.55	(928) 768-9181	FT MOHAVE MESA FD	2.44	2.44
0.80	(928) 753-0735	FIRE DIST ASSIST FUND	0.08	80.0
2.01	(928) 692-5763	MOHAVE COUNTY LIBRARY DISTRICT	0.20	0.20
3.82	(928) 757-0925	MOHAVE COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DI	0.38	0.38
0.30	(928) 753-0729	MO CO TV CID	0.03	0.02
0.40	(928) 753-0747	WESTERN AZ VOCATION ED DIST	0.04	0.04
3.92	(928) 768-2507	SECONDARY SD#16 BUDGET OVERRID	0.39	0.41
2.82	(928) 788-1405	CRUHSD#2 CLASS B BONDS	0.28	0.23
3.82	(928) 768-3325	MOHAVE VALLEY IRRIG & DRAIN DI	0.38	0.38
100		TOTAL	\$9.94	\$10.16

2019 TAX SUMMARY For the period of January 1 - December 31, 2019				
Total Tax	\$9.56			
Special District	0.38			
LESS: State Aid	0.00			
LESS: Prepay	0.00			
TOTAL DUE	\$9.94			

PAYABLE UPON RECEIPT

SEE PAYMENT STUBS FOR DUE DATES

Mail your check with the corresponding payment stub to:

MOHAVE COUNTY TREASURER PO BOX 111 KINGMAN, AZ 86402

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

MORE WAYS TO PAY

In Person: Check, Money Order, or Cashier's Check. Cash is accepted in person, during office hours. Your canceled check is your receipt.

Credit Card or Electronic Payment (processing fees will apply):
Call: 1-855-814-6451 or

Visit us Online: www.mohavecounty.us

<u>Using Your Banks Online Banking "Bill Pay" Option:</u>
Set up a **SEPARATE** bill pay payee for **EACH PARCEL**Instructions are available on our website:

www.mohavecounty.us

Select: Online Bill Pay Instructions

ANSWERS TO YOUR QUESTIONS

Mohave County Treasurer's Website:

- Copies of tax statements, payment receipts and payment history
- Visit us online: www.mohavecounty.us

Mohave County Assessor's Website:

- Online Address Changes
- Valuation, legal classification, and ownership/ address records

Call: 1-928-753-0703 or

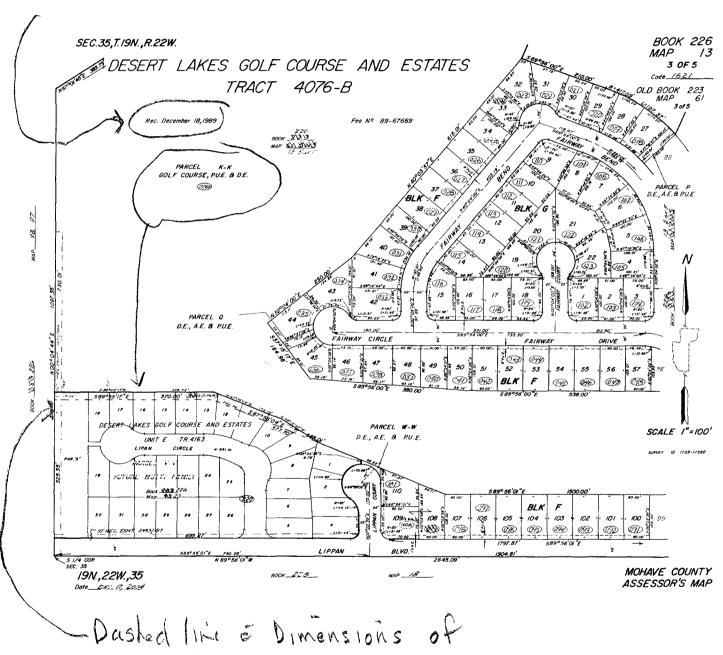
Visit the Assessor online: www.mohavecounty.us

FOR YOUR RECORDS	1 ST HALF PAID CK #	2 ND HALF PAID CK #	OR FULL YEAR PAID CK #

Exhibit 13 Property Tax Statement for Parcel KK and Tract 4076-D map (2 pgs)

Exhibit 14 Dashed line delineated sliver of Parcel KK on Tract 4076-B map

1989 32 Lots reduced to 23 lots in 1991 per brainage study



Abandoned Parcel KK



Mr. Kukreja's Exhibit "B" for dimensions of abandoned Parcel KK (Tract 4076-B)

Affiant Kukrejas PAGE 3 OF 7 BK 3478 PG 675 FEE \$2000015407

PARCEL V-V, DESERT LAKES GOLF COURSE AND ESTATES TRACT 4076-B, according to the plat thereof, recorded December 18, 1989, at Fee No. 89-67669 in the office of the County Recorder of Mohave County, Arizona situated in Section 35, Township 19 North, Range 22 West of the Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, Mohave County, Arizona; AND

That portion of PARCEL K-K, DESERT LAKES GOLF COURSE AND ESTATES TRACT 4076-B, according to the plat thereof, recorded December 18, 1989, at Fee No. 89-07600 in the office of the County Recorder of Mohave County, Arizona, situated in Section 35, Township 19 North, Range 22 West of the Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian, Mohave County, Arizona, more particularly described as follows:

BEGINNING at the Southwest corner of said Parcel K-K, being a point on the Wast line of said Southwest quarter of the Southeast quarter (SW1/4 SE1/4);

THENCE North 00 degrees 04 minutes 44 seconds East along said West-line a distance of 19.36 feet;

- THENCE South 89 degrees 55 minutes 17 seconds East parallel with the South line of said Parcel K-K a distance of 374.75 feet;
- THENCE South 67 degrees 56 minutes 04 seconds East a distance of 173.10 feet;
- THENCE South 58 degrees 12 minutes 39 seconds East a distance of 116.82 feet to the North Plant of Parcel V-V of said Tract 4076-B;

 THENCE North 67 degrees 56 minutes 08 defends for the North Plant of t
- THENCE North 67 degrees 56 minutes 04 seconds West along the North line of said Parcel V-V a distance of 286.86 feet;
- THENCE North 89 degrees 55 minutes 1 seconds West continuing along said North line of Parcel V-V a distance of 370.00 feet to the Point of Beginning.

NOTE:

Said portion of Parcel K-K of DESERT LAKES GOLF COURSE AND ESTATES TRACT 4076-B, was abandoned in Resolution No. 98-347) recorded October 7, 1998 in Book 3173 of Official Records, Page 385.

1998 10 yrs
Later
Thank



Bullets 1-5 found on 1989 map 1. Top Boundary Proceeding to the right to Plaintiff's lot then turn and proceed Left to 5.

(15)

Exhibit 16 Drainage Study 3 pg for 23 lots on Parcel VV

MOHAVE CTY PUBLIC WORKS

DRAINAGE STUDY

DESERT LAKES GOLF COURSE AND ESTATES

TRACT 4076-E

(REPLAT OF LOTS 111-122 BLOCK F)

SECTION 35, T19N, R22W

FEBRUARY 1991

PREPARED FOR:
DESERT LAKES DEVELOPMENT, L.P.
26691 PLAZA DRIVE, SUITE 210
MISSION VIEJO, CA 92691

PREPARED BY:
HOLLAND WEST, INC.
6920 SOUTH HOLLY CIRCLE
SUITE 100
ENGLEWOOD, CO. 80112



I. INTRODUCTION

The proposed 23 lot, 5.0 acre single family residential subdivision is situated within the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 35, Township 19 North, Range 22 West in Mohave County, Arizona. It is bordered by Lipan Boulevard to the south, Lipan court to the east, and Desert Lakes Golf Course to the north. The enclosed drawing depicts a vicinity map giving a visual interpretation of this location.

or ches

NoTE: Ighlight Marks

The topography of this site is generally a knoll constructed of compacted fill. Ground cover is denuded soils with soils being generally permeable. The site is a replat of a portion of Desert Lakes Golf Course and Estates Tract No. 4076-B and all runoff due to the proposed urbanization will ultimately discharge to the Desert Lakes Golf Course. An 80 foot wide drainage parcel is proposed at the West property line.

II. INTENT

The purpose of this report is to identify major drainage that will impact the site and provide means to safely convey off-site run-off through the site. The report will also identify and route onsite flows within the site to safe and acceptable receiving lands (Per se: Desert Lakes Golf Course). The enclosed drainage map will provide general grading outlines, identify the type, size, and location of hydraulic features and structures required to provide for storm water management.

panel: 040058 24450 is enclosed and shows the site in both the panel: 040058 24450 is enclosed and shows the si

(16)

Holland West performed a HEC I hydrology analysis as a check of the SPC report and determined flows to be:

343

 $Q_{10} = 1393 \text{ cfs}$

Q100 = 3224 cfs

This is a 15% discrepancy for the 100-year storm event and a 9% for the 10-year event. For the purpose of this report Holland West, Inc. used the more conservative flows shown in the SPC report. A channel paralleling the west property line sized to accommodate the SPC 100 year flow of 3800 cfs is proposed to pass the historic flow. The specifications of this channel are located in the appendix that follows. The east bank will be armored to abate prosion and channel degradation effects.

Onsite Flow

on-site flows were calculated for the 10 year and 100 year storm event and are located in the appendix of this report. Historic flows were also calculated. The site was divided into three basins, Basins A, B, & C will discharge into the Desert Lakes Golf Course via an existing down drain at the north end of Lipan Court as shown on the accompanying drawing. Basin A will discharge via a proposed concrete run-down at the end of Lipan Circle into the proposed channel. After Interest 1007: 111 be set at an elevation to Precious Interest to the appropriate forms.

CONCLUSION

The development of this site will generate approximately 23 lots on 5.0 acres. The channelization of offsite flows will remove the 100 year flood from the buildable areas and will be used to convey

A-495

Exhibit 17 Weisz Restated Data



Relevant Data from Ms. Weisz

	്~~bined Data	Tract 4076-B		Tract 4163
15%	34	26	ω	Legal Adj. Golf Course Block Wall/Steel Rail Fence Design Illegal Solid Block Illegal Gate Access Total Lots Total
17%	39	39	zero	Illegal Solid Block
20%	45	42	* W	Illegal Gate Access
	230	205	25	Total Lots
	173	149	24	Total Improved lots
	57	56	1	Improved lots Total unimproved Lots % unimproved lots
	31%	27%	4%	% unimproved lots

· es:

Tract 4076-D Omitted as Irrelevant
* 1 legal gate to front vard

* 1 legal gate to front yard

Other than black paint omitted; variance is unconfirmable at this time; paint is a minor correction if needed

Less than 5' fence omitted as this is not a restriction; CC&Rs: 5' adj. to course, 6' max. not adj. to course

Zero Illegal Satellite Dishes due to current Law

CC&R Fence design is not restricted from a combination of Block and Steel Rail;

Views and aesthetics are preserved with low block height topped with steel rails



Exhibit 18 McKee's Homes by Aerial view



Affight Mckee 2 Homes - Aerial View of E. Desert Drive